ISLAMABAD (R) — Pakistani Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto appointed her mother Nusrat as her deputy and brought four other women into her cabinet Wednesday. They were among 23 new ministers and ministers of cabinet Wednesday. They were among 23 new numsters and ministers of state appointed when Bhutto, who took office in December, doubled the size of her team to 47, state television said. Nusrat, widow of the late Prime Minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto, was appointed senior minister without portfolio. As the only "senior" minister she would automatically deputise for Bhutto. Women were appointed as ministers of state (junior ministers) for education, population welfare, women's affairs and special education and social welfare. With Blanto herself, there are now six women in the set, the most in Pakistan's 41-year history. Blutto, 35 appointed an all-male cabinet of 24 after she was sworn in on Dece. 2. The new appointments, amounced on the eve of Pakistan's National Day Thursday, included two independents and two minor party ministers. The rest belonged to Bhutto's Pakistan People's Party (PPP). The PPP emerged as the largest party from last November's elections but fell short of an overall



Waldheim in Cyprus

NICOSIA (R) - Austrian President Kurt Waldheim arrived in Cyprus Wednesday where he will hold talks with President George Vassillou and meet Austrian U.N. troops on the divided island. The Cyprus News Agency said Waldheim, who arrived from a visit to the United Arab Emirates, would discuss the political situation in Cyprus with Vassilion. Waldheim visited Cyprus in the late 1970s as U.N. Secretary General for the signing of two high-level agreement on reunitying the island, divided since a Turkish invasion in 1974 which was sparked by an Athens-backed coup in Nicosia. Vassilion is holding U.N.-brokered talks with Turkish-Cypriot leader Ranf Denktash on remification, but progress has been slow. Before leaving Thursday Waldhelm will visit Austrians among the 2,100-strong U.N. force patrolling the green line buffer-zone and will lay a wreath at a memorial to three Austrian soldiers killed in the 1974 fighting. Waldheim said in the UAE that Austria would retain its neutrality if it was admitted to the European Community. "I would like to stress that Austria's priority is lity and it would like to continue playing its role as a bridge betw East and West," he told reporters.

King cables

lgood wishes

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein Wednes-day sent a cable of good wishes

to Pakistani President Gholam

Ishaq Khan on his country'

In his cable, the King ex-

pressed Jordan's desire to bolster brotherly relations with the

people of Pakistan and wished

the president continued health and happiness and further

prosperity and progress for the Pakistani people.

substantial

CARTHAGE, Tunisia (R) — The Palestine Liberation Orga-

nisation (PLO) and the United

States held their first substantive

talks Wednesday but apparently

The head of the U.S. delega-

tion, Ambassador Robert Pellet-

reau, told reporters after tle 41/2-

hour session in Carthage that the

meeting concentrated on practic-

al steps to reduce tension in the

But Yasser Abed Rabbo, who

"Many ideas and proposals are

being put forward these days and

the view of the PLO is that

peripheral and detailed issues can

be discussed in negotiations with-

in the international peace confer-

to fully recognise the group and

give its backing to an indepen-

dent Palestinian state and self-

determination for the Palestinian

Israel has rejected the interna-

tional conference idea and Pellet-

reau repeated the U.S. position

that the best forum would be

direct negotiations between

The United States was looking

to the meeting Wednesday, the

first since the Bush administra-

tion took office in January, for

signs that the PLO had changed

Committee member, said an in-

ternational conference was the

only appropriate framework for a

final settlement but added that

bilateral meetings between the

PLO and Israel could take place

Abed Rabbo, a PLO Executive

its position on direct talks.

Israelis and Palestinians.

people, he added.

The PLO wanted Washington

led the three-man PLO team,

failed to agree on priorities.

PLO, U.S.

discuss

issues

occupied territories.

to Pakistan

Volume 14 Number 4843

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AMMAN THURSDAY-FRIDAY, MARCH 23-24, 1989, SHABAAN 16-17, 1410

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Crown Prince attends air force graduation

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Wednesday attended a ceremony for the graduation of a new batch of fighter pilots and pilot trainers held at Al Hassan Military Air Base, and distributed diplomas and awards to the graduates. Prince Hassan congratulated the graduates who included pilots from a number of Arab countries and urged them to exert their full efforts and work with diligence to serve their Arab

nation. The commander of the air base also delivered a speech on the occasion. The graduation ceremony, which coincided with celebrations on the air base's anniversary, was attended by the commander of the Royal Jordanian Air Force and other senior air force commanders. Later Prince Hassan made a tour of the base and its services which included the Princess Rahmeh Kindergarten and a medical centre.

Shelling continues as Syrians redeploy around east Beirut

BEIRUT (AP) - Druze militiamen and Falangist gunners fought intermittent clashes with rockets and mortars in and around Beirut

₩ednesday. Police said at least eight people were wounded.

That brought the overall toll to 66 people killed and 219 injured -- duels broke out between Major-General Michel Aoun's 20,000strong army units and Druze war-lord Walid Junblatt's Progressive

ICTOR Socialist Party (PSP) militia. A police spokesman said six civilians were wounded in west Beirut and its Shi'ite Muslim southern slums while two others were injured in east Beirut's Tahweeta and Dekwaneh re-

sidential districts. PSP gunners blasted the Beirut art in the afternoon, setting fire to a merchant ship which the spokesman identified as "Naji 1." He had no details about its flag or

Rockets also slammed into the coastal strip near the port of Jounieh, causing damage but no

casualties. The spokesman said PSP gunners fired at least 16 Katyusha rockets from a truck-mounted multi-barreled rocket launcher in west Beirut at the Falangist en-

clave north east of the city. The spokesman said Syrian troops and allied opposition forces maintained a blockade of the 310-square-mile (800-squarekilometre) Falangist enclave for

All five gates linking the enclave with the rest of Lebanon were closed.

ing in the 15-day battle, which threatens to spark all-out violence in the war-plagued nation. However, Syrian troops and ior-

General Sami Khatib's 22,000strong opposition army units blockaded the enclave as of Tuesday to retaliate for a siege imposed by Aoun on militia-run ports in the opposition sector of Lebanon.

Khatib's soldiers manning sandbagged checkpoints at the western side of Beirut's mid-city museum crossing roughed news photographers who tried to shoot pictures of civilians pleading to

cross to the eastern sector. "I'll shoot bullets into your eyes if you shoot pictures," one private shouted and pointed his M-16 assault rifle at photo-

graphers after cocking it. The block prevented the five Arabic-language daily papers published in east Beirut from hitting the news stands in the western sector. The seven west Beirut-based dailies were not sold

in the Falangist enclave. This month's confrontation broke out when Aoun, a Maronite, ordered a blockade of militia-run ports in an effort to reactivate tax collection at the five government harbours along Lebanon's 210-kilometre Mediterranean coast.

Syrian-backed factions rejected Aoun's decision and the Maronite general responded by declar-"war of liberation" against Militia allies of Aoun and Junblatt have avoided the shoot- Syria's forces in Lebanon...

> Syria, with 40,000 troops deployed in eastern and northern Lebanon as well as west and south Beirut, is the main power

broker in the nation. Aoun and other Falangist leaders accuse the Syrians of not fulfilling their mandate from the 21-nation Arab League in 1976. Agun came to power Sept. 22,

when former President Amin Gemayel named him head of a military cabinet to rule pending the election by parliament of a new head of state.

Syria's opposition allies rejected Aoun's appointment, which violated a 1943 unwritten national covenant that gave the premiership to the Sunni Muslims, the house speakership to the Shi'ite Muslims and the presidency to the Maronites.

Syrian-backed Lebanese factions recognised only the cabinet of Acting Prime Minister Salim Hoss, a Sunni, who ruled during Gemayel's term.

Syria moved its troops in Beirut to new positions Wednesday and called for the ousting of Aoun who has been battling Syrian allies for two weeks.

Falangist security sources said the Syrians had taken up combat positions in areas ringing east Beirut and a coastal strip and mountains to the northeast.

King Hussein hopes work will continue to build ideal homeland

ZARQA (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein has expressed hope that the work, construction, frankness, and participation would continue on all levels to build the ideal homeland and serve the generations to come.

Addressing the final session of the development council meetings of the Amman, Zarqa, and Balqa governorates which convened Wednesday at Zarqa College, the King said: "This is a stage of work and construction. Therefore we call on the Almighty to inspire us to undertake the right decisions, and to help us continue building in every field through cooperation, sincerity,

and awareness. Everyone's contribution in shouldering the responsibility and mapping out the course, through awareness, knowledge, free discussion and constructive dialogue, is a positive and important sign, the King added.

Touching on the issue of environment as "our present to the generations to come" which has become a world issue, the King addressed the participants saying "you will meet again in the spirit of the one family to sincerely make the future.

The King expressed full support and appreciation for partici-pants and said that this is a busy day in which discussions dealt



His Majesty King Hussein Wednesday attends the final session of the regional development council

meetings in Zarqa (Petra photo) with what this dear part of the Arab World needs, the achievements and aspirations.

His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan earlier welcomed the King and asked the rapporteurs of the regional committees to present the issues discussed and the recommendations

Planning Minister Taher Kanaan also explained to the King the achievements attained during the various stages of meetings and dialogue

He hoped that these periodic meetings would continue since they provide a new style of responsibility practicing and promoting the framework of cooperation between the citizens and the officials.

These meetings express a

leading experience in constructive and practical dialogue where it demonstrate the developmental needs of every region," Kanaan

He said: "The several stages of dialogue we passed through, enabled us to react genuinely with the needs for development in all the regions of the borneland. This also led to the contribution of the local societies in different re-

Kanaan said these meetings are related to the concept of national participation and creating a balance between the actual and logical needs on the one hand and the available resources of the state on the other.

to development expenditures."

Present were Chief of the Royal Court Field Marshal Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker and a number of ministers (See earlier storey on gions, to adopt decisions related page 3).

King receives telephone calls

Later Wednesday, King Hussein received a telephone call from Egyptian President Hosni Muharak during which they discussed issues of mutual interest.

King Hussein also received a telephone call from Syrian nt Hafez Al Assad during which they exchanged views on

uring protests

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R)

West Bank.

Israel to

forces and Gaza hospitals re- Gaza City, affecting about half during a general strike marking

The sources said relatives took cials could examine it.

army officer was probing the re-port and the 40,000 residents of

all eight of the Gaza Strip's refugee camps and some parts of lying in the road," he said.

the densely-populated strip's 650,000 Arab residents.

give themselves up.

"When no one responded the

Two other witnesses supported

also checking reports by residents of the West Bank town of Ramallah that armed Jewish settlers had smashed Arab-owned cars parked along the road to Jerusalem before being dispersed by

break-up of a major Palestinian

tine faction.

Israelis back elections under

as part of preparations.
Other PLO leaders have said the preliminary talks could deal with all the issues and the conference need only provide interna-Sarid said his party proposed a

tional guarantees.
"I did not talk about bilateral negotiations at all," Abed Rabbo said. "I said that in preparing for the international conference... There could be bilateral meetings

between the parties concerned. Neither side gave any details of U.S. proposals for reducing tension in the West Bank and Gaza Strip, where Palestinians have been in revolt since December 1987, but Pelletreau said the aim

was direct negotiations. "The immediate objective is to create a political environment in which productive negotiations between Palestinians and Israelis can be sustained," he added.

A U.S. embassy source said earlier that Washington would not ask the PLO to call off the intifada (uprising), which the PLO sees as its main weapon to put pressure on Israel.

"The intifada of the Palestinian people... will continue until it extracts independence and enables the Palestinian state to practice sovereignty," Abed Rab-

The PLO declared an independent state last November but the United States says such a state would not help stability in the Middle East.

Pelletreau referred indirectly to Palestinian raids from South Lebanon, saying the meeting discussed whether events since the first U.S.-PLO contact on Dec. 16 helped or hindered "an atmos-

PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat made the pledge in Geneva last December, leading Washington to drop the boycott

phere conducive to negotiation."

 Israeli troops in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip shot dead an Arab child Wednesday and wounded at least 16 Palestinians as residents of the territories held an anti-U.S. protest strike. Staff at the West Bank's Tul-

karm Hospital said Ahmad Abdul Fatah Al H'did, 11, was shot in the heart and a 12-vearold was hit in the leg when troops fired on protesters at Tulkarm Palestinian Refugee Camp in the Palestinian sources said at least

four more West Bankers were wounded in clashes with Israeli Danish aide

ported 11 injured by army fire the first anniversary of the U.S. closure of PLO offices in Washington.

H'did's body before Israeli offi-Military sources said a senior

the camp and Tulkarm town were confined to their homes to prevent word of the killing sparking Curfews were also in force on

Witnesses in the city reported

an incident in which they said a para-military border police trooper held a local youth at knifepoint in an effort to force protesters to "They grabbed a passing cyclist

and one border policeman put a knife to his throat and told the demonstrators he would butcher him if they did not surrender," a witness told Reuters.

police clubbed the boy, who was 12 or 13 years old, then left him

the story, which an army spokes-man said he would check. The spokesman said he was

soldiers. Israeli police have claimed the

commando organisation in Jeru-Police said Tuesday the cell

was run by the PLO's Popular Front for the Liberation of Pales-

similar plan recently in Israel's

No such plan has been announced in Washington, but

Secretary of State James A. Bak-

er III said Tuesday that the Un-

ited States felt it would be a "major mistake" to rule out

eventual Israeli-PLO talks if they

could lead to Middle East peace.

States, in its meetings in Tunis,

was encouraging the PLO "not to

stand in the way of Palestinians in

the occupied territories engaging

er will propose elections in the

A confidant of Shamir, mean-

in a dialogue with Israel.

Baker also said the United

representatives.

parliament.

the second straight day. Abu Sherif: U.S. troops could replace Israel in territories

Chairman Yasser Arafat has said the PLO would accept the replacement of Israeli soldiers by U.S. troops in the occupied territories as an interim measure.

"We would accept U.S. troops to take the place of Israeli troops. The moment there are no Israeli troops in the territories, the uprising would stop," Bassam Abu

-Speaking on the eve of talks Wednesday between the United States and the Palestine Libera-Organisation (PLO), Abu Sherif said the PLO would accept U.S. and Soviet sponsorship of peace talks.

Abu Sherif, whose statements have often caused controversy in PLO circles, told a group of reporters that as soon as Israel accepted the idea of a Palestinian state, the forum for negotiating a settlement would cease to be im-

"If the United States and the Soviet could guarantee the resplits, the PLO would accept nat... If both sides accept a two-state solution, then all things sisted on a U.N.-sponsored conmembers of the U.N. Security Council and all the parties to the Middle East conflict.

The dispute over the form of negotiations dominated the first session of the PLO-American dialogue last December. The meeting Wednesday is the second since Washington agreed to talks and the first since the Bush administration took office.

Abu Sherif said the PLO's principal aim in the dialogue was to persuade the United States, and indirectly Israel, that a Palestinian state would not destabilise the Middle East.

"We want the United States to realise that a Palestinian state will be a factor of stability, not instability. This is the only point we want to establish and we have all the logical and factual ammunition to support that," he said.

Asked how the PLO would respond to any U.S. request to tone down the intifada (uprising) in the occupied territories, he are open and the form (of nego-said the intifada would subside tiations) becomes unimportant." only when Israeli troops with-

The PLO has previously proposed that United Nations troops, ference attended by the five or possibly a European multinational force, should move into the West Bank and Gaza Strip for a transitional period.

Abu Sherif said that then "we would have elections for our people, then the Americans and the Soviets and others if they wanted will provide the auspices for the final settlement.

He said Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze had proposed U.S.-Soviet sponsorship of peace talks to Israeli Foreign Minister Moshe Arens in Cairo last month but Arens rejected it because Moscow linked it with PLO participation.

The idea was designed to circumvent Israeli objections to the U.N.-sponsored conference, where the Israelis fear they would be heavily outnumbered by hos-

tile Arabs and Europeans. Abu Sherif said his idea of .U.S.-Soviet auspices was not a radical change and it did not mean that the PLO would accept a unilateral peace which ignored the interests of Syria and Lebanon, parts of which are also under occupation.

challenges

test PLO OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R) - Danish Foreign Minister Uffe Ellemann-Jensen challenged Israel Wednesday to "call the PLO's bluff" by talking to the

Palestinian group. Ellemann-Jensen, who heads a forum of Northic countries, said he was seeking an explanation of Israeli policy towards Palestinians before a forum meeting later this month. He met Prime Minister Yizhak Shamir and Foreign

Minister Moshe Arens. "It is our strong feeling that ways must be found to establish contacts to further the peace process," he told reporters after meeting Arens, stressing that Denmark supported Israel's concern for security.

reported U.S. peace plan OCCUPIED JERUSALEM newspaper Haaretz, Israel would Middle East attended by PLO (AP) — Israeli politicians on the left and right gave backing Wednesday to elections in the

occupied territories linked to peace talks, both reported to be part of a new U.S.-backed Middle East plan. An Israeli legislator, who met recently with PLO officials in

which reportedly shuts the organisation out of formal participation in the first stage of Israeli-Palestinian peace talks. Also Wednesday, a conference of foreign Jews from 40 countries adopted a resolution expressing solidarity with Israel at a confer-

New York, said he believes the

PLO has accepted the plan,

Yitzhak Shamir. Under the American-backed negotiate an interim settlement with elected Palestinian representatives from the occupied

The PLO would join the talks only in the second stage when a final settlement is being negotiated, Haaretz said in the unattributed report. The PLO has insisted up to now on being involved in every stage of negotia-"The link between the two

stages is an American promise to the PLO in the first stage that it will be included in the second Yossi Sarid of the stage." Citizens Rights Movement said on Israel Radio. ence called by Prime Minister "This has been accepted by the while, hinted that the Israeli lead-

PLO, according to my knowledge," said Sarid, who recently occupied lands as part of his peace plan, reported in the Israeli attended a symposium on the peace agenda.

3 more transplant operations performed at medical centre

By a Jordan Times Staff Writer

AMMAN (J.T.) - A team of Jordanian surgeons, led by Dr. Daoud Hanania, performed yet one more heart transplant operation at Al Hussein Medical Centre and the recipient was reported to be progressing well and

in good condition. The Jordan News Agency, Petra, said that the donor was Father William Jamal Al Ya'qoub, a 38-year-old Roman Catholic priest who had suffered a stroke two weeks ago while conducting his duty in Karak in southern

Jordan and died Tuesday at the ceived a kidney each. The three Al Hussein Medical Centre.

The recipient was 50-year-old Jamal Jamil Hussein Sumudi who had been in critical condition before receiving the new heart, according to hospital sources. The late priest's family also

neys of the deceased to be used to save the lives of other patients. According to Petra, Hanania and his team performed two other transplant operations during which 40-year-old Marwan Abdul Karim Outaish and 35-

donated the lungs and the kid-

recipients were reported by the hospital to be in good condition. The priest was buried in his hometown in Madaba Wednes-

Amman. Several heart transplant operations have been performed by Hanania and his team in Jordan

since 1985. The first ever heart transplant operation in the Middle East and the Arab World was carried out by Hanania in August 1985. The. first heart recipient. Mohammad year-old Ibrahim Issa Dadouj re- Khalil is still alive and doing well.



Dr. Daoud Hanania

Turkey treads lightly with Iran over scarf

ANKARA (R) — Turkey is treading warily with neighbouring Iran over its objections to a ban on Islamic headscarves at Turkish universities and believes further problems can be avoided, official sources said Wednesday.

"Our relations have their ups and downs every now and then, stemming from deeply rooted suspicions. But I don't think the headscarf issue will get more serious," one source said.

Mainly Muslim but secular Turkey last week complained to . Iran for backing fundamentalist . protests in Turkish cities over the headscarf ban but it has refused - to escalate exchanges.

Women students demonstrated . against the ban in Tehran and more than 150 Iranian parliamentarians denounced the ruling enforced by Turkey's constitutional court. They called for a review of ties with Ankara.

In a low-key response, Turkish parliamentary speaker Yildirim Akbulut said he regretted that an internal Turkish matter had been brought up in the Iranian Parlia-

"Iran atways wants the upper hand. If someone does something it dislikes, it tries to escalate the process," a senior Foreign Ministry source said.

We are two regimes with different ideologies. They (the Iranians) have their own philosophy and revolution and want to export their revolution," he

The court, in banning headscarves on campuses, upheld an ppeal against a parliamentary bill by President Kenan Evren.

Evren, as a general, led milit-ary rule in 1980-83 which quelled extremist political violence that claimed more than 5,000 lives and put an end to calls for an Islamic state in Turkey.

North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO)-member Turkey has always been circumspect in dealings with revolutionary Iran and was neutral in the Iran-Iraq war. It takes 80 per cent of its oil imports from the two countries and is seeking reconstruction contracts in war-shattered areas.

Press slams Shamir denial of PLO report

opposition Wednesday accused Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir of lying in his denial that an intelligence report said Israel had no choice but to negotiate with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO).

"The prime minister lied yesterday when he denied the existence of the intelligence report on the PLO," charged Yossi Sarid of the opposition Citizen's Rights Movement.

Sarid, a member of parliament's Foreign Affairs and Defence Committee, said: "the evaluation of the intelligence services exists and speaks clearly of the moderation of the PLO and its joining of the compromise camp in the Arab world.
"It also speaks of the complete control of the PLO in the (occupied) territories and says

the PLO are likely to calm the The reported findings run

only Israeli negotiations with

TEL AVIV (R) — The Israeli counter to Shamir's policy of press and parliamentary refusing to talk to the PLO and opposition Wednesday accused to his view that the Tunis-based group remains a terrorist orga-nisation bent on Israel's destruction.

> At a news conference Tuesday, Shamir flatly denied published reports of the annual national intelligence estimate, which was presented to the inner cabinet last week by the head of military intelligence. Major-General Amnon

"All was a lie, all included in this information was a lie," Shamir said. Vice-Premier Shimon Peres, sitting beside him. pointedly avoided denying the

In a carefully-worded statement, the Defence Ministry said the intelligence services told Reuters that parts of the report had been leaked selectively, but he did not dispute

Children lead the intifada

By Mary Sedor Associated Press

TAMOUN, Occupied West Bank — Whenever seven-yearold Seif Hashim spots Israeli troops approaching this West Bank village, he grabs a rock, pulls a checkered Arab keffrych over his face and runs into the street shouting, "the

army's coming."
Seif and his grade-school friends belong to the "Palestinian Cubs," a Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO)linked group that sets up barri-cades and throws stones at soldiers in the narrow alley-ways of this village 110

kilometres north of Jerusalem.
"My job is to get the soldiers if they come into the village," explained Seif, his big blue eyes flashing. "There are about 45 kids in my gang. Some are older than me — they're

Leaning back in his chair, Seif added in a high-pitched voice, "I want to be a PLO guerrilla when I grow up. Or a

Increasingly, Palestinian children — some as young as five and six — are at the forefront of violent clashes with troops in the occupied territories. The death toll of over 400 in the 15-month-old uprising includes 61 children age 16 and younger, and casualties among youngsters are on the increase, according

to U.N. figures. One reason for the involvement of younger and younger children is that many of the older youths who spearheaded protests are in jail or in hiding from Israeli security forces.

A different equation

The phenomenon has prompted charges from De-fence Minister Yitzhak Rabin that Palestinians are putting children in the front lines to win international sympathy and portray Israeli troops as

"This is the major problem Israel faces... Palestinian protesters surrounding themselves with kids and women at the front," Rabin recently told visiting U.S. Jewish leaders, He said clashes with protesters make up 90 per cent of the violent incidents in the

West Bank and Gaza Strip.

"And 60 per cent of these involve children from the age of six to 14 or 15," Rabin said. Children have participated alongside adults and older youths in protests since the start of the Palestinian revolt. But children are taking on

"The soldiers are now facing situations where the only targets are young kids," said an international relief worker who declined to be identified. "That has changed the equa-tion of the conflict."

Israeli troops alone more and

According to U.N. figures in the first six months of the uprising, 65 children age 15 or under were shot in the occupied Gaza Strip. By the second six months, the number of young shooting victims had increased nearly five-fold to 307, including 21 fatalities.

In January, 61 of the 129 shooting casualties in Gaza were 15 or younger, according to the Arab-rup Human Rights Information Centre in Arab Jerusalem. Three died.

The centre's Jan Abu Shakr estimated hundreds of under-16 youths had been detained

during the uprising, but said less than 100 are being held now. Army spokesmen stressed that no one under 12 could be jailed.

In Tamoun, Seif and about 400 boys ages five to 12 belong to the "Cubs," which has no relation to non-violent Scout groups. Each week, the children participate in antioccupation marches, broadcasting nationalist slogans through megaphones and carrying outlawed Palestinian flags and pictures of PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat through village streets.

Children are organised by uprising leaders well aware of the propaganda value provided by youths facing heavily armed soldiers.

"We are teaching these kids to be active resisters," said Shehad Gharaybeh, 30, a youth organiser. "The personality of the child is formed in the early years. These children will be stronger than us. They are the PLO's plan for continuing the struggle.

"Also punishing children is a sensitive issue for the Israeli army. We know that and it is something we use." he added. In some cases children join

in protests over objections from parents. During the uprising, some Palestinian children have lost respect for their parents, whom they criticise for not fighting the Israeli occupation themselves. But Gharaybeh said recently

that more parents have been allowing or even urging children to protest in support of "There is a unique oppor-

tunity to organise children because parents are encouraging their children to be active," he

Sheffiqa Mohammed Yusef. mother of an 11-year-old daughter wounded by army gunfire last November, said she encouraged her daughter. "I throw stones, too," she said. "I want my daughter and

her friends to throw stones." Two boys, ages nine and 16, have been killed in Tamoun during the uprising, and 13 children have been wounded. The youngest shooting victim was Ziad Omar Sharat, seven, a member of Seif's Cubs Group who was wounded in the arm last November.

"The marches are nice, but I prefer clashing with soldiers, said Riad Omar Mohammad Sharat, 18, Ziad's brother. "I'm not afraid of soldiers. They have weapons, and we have weapons. Our weapons are firebombs and stones.

Shafiq Masalha, a clinical psychologist at Bir Zeit University in the West Bank said the children were not fully aware of the dangers they faced.

These children cannot really imagine themselves being injured or killed," he said in an interview. "They don't calculate the risk in advance. They don't really understand the

Seif disagrees. He said he knows a what martyr is: "Being a martyr means that was attacking the army with stones and I was hit by a bullet. My family could not get me to the hospital in time because the army blocked the road. So

I died on the road. Then the

other boys had a march in the

village for me. That's a martyr," he said.
"Afterward, you go to para-

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

'U.S. racist in Mideast'

WASHINGTON (R) — The head of an Arab American lobby group Tuesday accused the United States of a "suspicion bordering on the racist" toward Palestinians which he said threatened peace efforts in the Middle East. George Moses, president of the National Association of Arab Americans (NAAA), said that for decades U.S. policy toward Palestinians had been based on distrust. The United States must learn to trust Palestinians in order to reach a viable solution to the Middle East conflict, he said. "There seems to have been in our policy construct an inordinate suspicion of Palestinians bordering on the racist," Moses said in a speech to the National Press Club. He accused the United States of a double standard in dealing with the two main protagonists in the dispute. "The theory here seems to be ... when Israeli pronouncements are made they are reliable policy, but when the Palestinians speak it's subterfuge," he said.

UNRWA to give education in West Bank

VIENNA (AP) — A U.N. agency that offers relief to Palestinian refugees said in a statement released Tuesday it was seeking to provide basic education in the occupied West Bank where 90 of the region's 98 schools are closed. According to the statement issued at the Vienna headquarters of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA), the interim measures to provide education are scheduled to begin March 25. They are to include arranging for agency teachers to visit pupils in refugee camps or where they live to distribute educational materials and give them guidance. The agency's commissioner general, Giorgio Giacomelli, was quoted as saying he feared many older children were losing their basic skills and some younger children had not yet attended school due to extended school closures in the region. According to the statement 39,275 pupils are effected by the school closures, which are to last at least until April 19. The agency provides health care, education and welfare services to refugees in Jordan, Lebanon, and Syria as well as the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

'Little progress in freeing hostages'

BRUSSELS (R) — Foreign Minister Leo Tindemans said he had made little headway in talks in Syria on securing the release of Belgian hostages believed held in Lebanon. Tindemans told reporters Tuesday that Syrian help in freeing the hostages remained vital. But he added: "I am convinced that they (the Syrians) do not have any precise information." Tindemans said Syrian Foreign Minister Farouq Al Shara had briefed him on the civil war in Lebanon, where Syria wields great influence among some factions. But he had been unable to provide any concrete information about either the disappearance of Jan Cools, a doctor, or the kidnapping of five members of a Belgian family. Cools, who was working for a Norwegian aid organisation, went missing last May. He was last seen leaving Rashidiyeh Palestinian refugee camp south of Beirut.

Danish minister visits Israel

TEL AVIV (R) - Danish Foreign Minister Uffe Ellemann-Jensen arrived in Israel Tuesday for a 24-hour visit ahead of a meeting of the Nordic Council of Foreign Ministers next week. "Some of my Nordic colleagues have recently met the leader of the PLO, (Palestine Liberation Organisation)," Ellemann-Jensen, chairman of the council, told reporters at Ben Gurion airport. Therefore, it is important for us to speak to the government of Israel because we want to maintain close contact with all sides in the Middle East and make sure that Israel does not get the impression we have forgotten them." Ellemann-Jensen will meet Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir and Foreign Minister Moshe Arens Wednesday.

frag cancels war-time rules

BAGHDAD (R) — Iraq, relaxing gradually after its eight-year war with Iran, abolished a series of emergency regulation Wednesday. State employees can no longer be jailed for six months for disobeying superiors. Enforcement of price controls, under which merchants could be jailed for 15 years and have their operty confiscated, was abolished. The ruling Revolutionary Command Council issued decrees abolishing dozens of measures which it said "were put into force due to the circumstances of the war ... and were limiting the freedom of citizens."

iran siams iCAO

NICOSIA (R) — Iran has complained to the U.N. aviation authority over its failure to denounce the United States for shooting down an Iranian Airbus in July, killing all 290 people aboard. Iran's official news agency (IRNA) said Wednesday that Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati told the International Civil Aviation Organisation (ICAO) that an ICAO statement on the attack was contrary to its own regulations. The ICAO at on the Aviation Organisation (ICAO) that an ICAO statement on the attack was contrary to its own regulations. The ICAO statement Friday said the attack was a tragic incident resulting from "events and errors in identification of the aircraft." The statement was "opposite to (the ICAO's) past records in similar cases and against international expectations," Velayati said in a message to the ICAO secretary-general. "The (ICAO) is undoubtedly responsible for its consequences," IRNA, monitored in Nicosia, anoted Velayati as saving. It gave no details. quoted Velayati as saying. It gave no details.

King Fahd to visit Iraq, Egypt

RIYADH (AP) - King Fahd of Saudi Arabia will visit Iraq and Egypt at the weekend, official sources reported Wednesday. The sources, who spoke on condition they not be named, said Fahd will fly to Iraq Saturday and travel on to Egypt the following day. They said his talks will focus mainly on the Middle East peace process and the Palestinian problem. The stalled U.N.-sponsored peace negotiations between Iran and Iraq and the civil war in Lebanon also will figure in the king's talks in Baghdad and Cairo.

EDUCATION WEEK 17 - 24 March 1989 ITINERARY Sat JORDAN UNIVERSITY 18 Sun YARMOUK UNIVERSITY جامعية اليرميوك 19 Aberdeen Mon JORDAN UNIVERSITY OF ... SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY Tues MU'TAH UNIVERSITY 21 لمزيد من المعلومات الرجاء For further information, please contact the Public Relations الاتصال بدائرة العلاقات العامة Office or the Deanship of Student -أو عمادة شؤون الطلبة في كل من Affairs at each University. Thurs BRITISH COUNCIL الخميس المجلس التقاني البريطاني يوم مفتوح للقاء الطلبة Open Day (2 - 7 p.m.) Representatives from the following مع ممثلي المؤلسات institutions will be available to answer التعليمية ألبريطانية questions: Bolton University of Aberdeen Bolton Institute of Higher Education University Glasgow University Kent لمزيد من المعلومات الرجّاء **Nottingham** University of Neftingham الاتصال بالمجلس الثقافي • Trent Trent Polytechn البريطاني: تسلسفون: ٨/٧٤٠٣٣٦ ، * EXHIBITION of angher education materials ገፖለነሳይኒ ገሃደጊላገ and how to study in Britain INFORMATION on pre-university courses, undergraduate & postgraduate degrees * COUNSELLING for those interested in stocking in Britain ୍ଦ୍ରବ୍ୟବ୍ୟ 0000000 0003666 For more information 00000 please contact:-Tel: 636147/8, 624686, 638194 ll are welcome

The British Council الخيلس المتافلية المنطبان The British Council الخيلس المتافلية المنطبان The British Council

BRITISH HIGHER أسبوع التعليم العالي البريطاني

DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

JORDAN TELEVISION semblies of God Church, Tel. Tel: 773111-19 Programme review Children programme Local programme ogramme on Jordan Programme on Jorua. News for the Deaf 19:15 Health programme 20:00 20:30 Local series 21:46 Arabic film ary in Arabic La Baby Sitter

A variety programme 19:15 News in Hebrew News in Arabic 20:30 Bill Cosby Show Thirty Something News in English film: "Annihilator" PRAYER TIMES

St. Mary of Nazareth Church Sweifieh Tel. 810740

St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. De la Saile Church Tel. 661757 Anglican Church Tel. 625383, Tel. 628543. Armenian Catholic Church Tel. 771331. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. Anuman International Church Tel. 685326. Rainbow Congregation Tel. 822605. The Church of Jesus Christ of Laster-Day Seints Tel. 815817, 821264

WEATHER illetin supplied by the Department of

The country will be affected by Khamasini conditions. Therefore it will be warm and dry with the appearance of medium and high clouds. Winds will be southeasterly moderate. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderate and

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 23, Aqaba 29. Humidity readings: Amman 21 per cent, Aqaba 28 per

MMAN: **Abdul Rahman Al Najjar* **Anwar Al Aqrabawi 665917 **Anwar Al Aqrabawi 66296 **ras pharmacy 637055 **airoukh pharmacy 637055 **airoukh pharmacy 637055 **airoukh pharmacy 637056 **acoub pharmacy 644945 **uneisani pharmacy 637660	Water and Sewerage 897467 Complaints 897467 Amman Municipality 787111 Complaints 787111 Telephone Information 12 Overseas Calls 17 Central Amman Telephone 623101 Abdali Telephone Repairs 661101 Jordan Television 773111 Radio Jordan 774111 Water Authority 680100 Jordan Electricity Authority 815615 Electric Power 636381 Company 636381 RI Flight Information 08-53200 Queen Alia Intl. Airport 08-52000
f. Kamal Al Najjar()	

(985238) Dr. Azzam Al Madani (---) 985417 Khalifeh pharmacy **EMERGENCIES** Civil Defence Department 661111 Civil Defence Immediate 630341 ...775121 Highway Police Traffic Police

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Zarqa National Hospital ... Ibn Sina Hospital IRBID: Princess Basma Hospital ... (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Ibn Al Nafees Hospital (02)247100 Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111 **MARKET PRICES**

Upper/lower price in fils per kg.

. 500 / 400 . 350 / 300 130 / 100 210 / 170 370 / 300 280 / 200 400 / 340 100 / 70 Marrow (large) . Marrow (small) 200 / 150 340 / 280 Orange (Shamm Orange (local) Onion (dry) Onion-(green) Pepper (hot) 370 / 300 250 / 200 580 / 500 . 240 / 200 . 370 / 320 .. 80 / 50

POR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RI) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified.

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

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18:10	Casablanca, Tunis ((RI
18:30	Bangkok (R
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Other Flights (Terminal 2)

FOR FRIDAY .. Riyadh (SV JORDAN TELEVISION Cairo (MS) Paris (AF) stanbul (KL) Tel: 773111-19 19:15 . Frankfurt (LH)

DEPÁRTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal (1)

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Religious seminar
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The world around us News summary in Arabic . Local program ... News in Arabic Arabic series Local programme Local programm News summary in Arabic Programme (contd.) 23:10 PROGRAMME TWO Children cartoon French feature film

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Seminar reviews

development plan

ZARQA (Petra) - A seminar to assess the develop-

ment process in the central governorates of Amman.

Zarqa and Balqa was held here Wednesday under

the patronage of His Royal Highness Crown Prince

central regions'

Queen Noor receives **Bulgarian message**

AMMAN (J.T.) — Her Majesty Queen Noor Wednesday received at Al Nadwa Palace the wife of the Bulgarian Minister of Culture, Science and Education, Mrs. Maria Yordanova, who conveyed a message to Her Majesty from Mr. Vladimir Zhivkov, the son of the president of the Republic of Bulgaria.

The message dealt with ways to develop cooperation between the Noor Al Hussein Foundation and the Lyndmila Zhivkov International Foundation.

/ The Lyndmila Zhivkov International Foundation was founded in 1982 with the aim of promoting peace world-wide and providing the children of future generation with means of development

through proper education.

Mr. Zhivkov, who is the president of the foundation, is also the general director of the Banner of Peace Centre and the first deputy

the foundation was founded by representatives of over 30 countries which include the United States, Canada, France, Italy and Holland as well as other countries in Africa, the Far East,

Latin America in addition to two Arab countries.

The audience was attended by the Ambassador of Bulgaria in Amman, Yantcho Demirev.

OICC town planning conference

Function matters, not style — Koshak

By Najwa Najjar Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Islamic planning of cites, according to Abdul Kadir Kosbak, Secretary General of the Organisation of Islanic Capitals and Cities (OIC), should "concentrate on function, not on shape-...whch is not Islamic."

The architecture and architectural features found through out the Islamic World, he says, are the products of different Muslim societies at different periods of the Islamic religion, and thus cannot be expected to be identical.

Nevertheless, he continued, planing in Islamic cities was basel on the Holy Koran and the ladith and so had universal and timeless aspects to it.

One of these was the location of Mecca in Saudi Arabia. "Mecca should be kept in mind because Muslims pray five times a day," he said. This will affect the design of the house and the orientation of the

Koshak also noted Islamic regilations which "(prohibit) foreigners from looking inside the house." Therefore care should be taken that the entrand of the house does not-"drectly open" onto the road, ant that windows, especially these at ground level, should be

"hgh" and "isolated." likewise, Islam enters into

Bink in light of the continued.

forced closure of 90 of its 98 schools in the area. The schools

win 39,275 pupils have been closed since Jan. 21 and have

been ordered by the Israeli au-

thorities to remain closed at least

und April 19. The schools have bech closed off and on for periods ranking from 10 days to six weeks

The agency's interim measures

to rovide education are sche-duled to begin on March 25,

UNIWA announced at its Vien-

Entre: Centre.

Housing Bank Complex.

Centre — 7:00 p.m.

Holiday Inn.

Gallery.

since February 1988.

UNRWA to provide

basic education to

West Bank students

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and

the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed

EXHIBITIONS

An art exhibition by Egyptian artist 'Adli Rizqullah at Al Wasiti Gallery.

An art exhibition by seven Jordanian artists at the Art Gallery

An art exhibition by Ahmad Ismaiel displaying paintings on Magamat Al Hariri and Jordanian landscapes at the Gallery, Hotel Jordan Intercontinental — 9 a.m. - 7 p.m.

* An exhibition of posters on the French Revolution at the French

* An exhibition of paintings by Mohammad Al Jaloos at Alia Art

 \dot{x} an art exhibition by Moroccan artist Al Hashemi Izza at the Gallery, Jabal Luweibdeh.

☆ A graphic art exhibition displaying works by German artists
Liebermann, Slevogt and Corinth at the Yarmouk University.

★ The Amman computer exhibition at the King Abdullah Complex — 10:30 a.m. - 8:30 p.m.

★'An art exhibition displaying paintings by children at the

☆ Anart exhibition by Yusra Abu Ghazaleh at Philadelphia Hall,

* A photography exhibition displaying photos depicting Jordan's historical and touristic sites at the University of Jordan.

☆ Al-exhibition of Jordanian national heritage displaying Jordanian-made carpets and dresses of Jordanian rural women at the University of Jordan.

FILMS

A feature film entitled "The African Queen" at the American

An Italian film entitled "Non e'è fumo senza fuoco" at Haya

of Abdul Hamid Shoman Foundation - 9 a.m. - 1 p.m., 3 - 6

tine and place with the concerned institutions.

consideration when building elevators. Koshak explained that since Islam prohibits two strangers of different sexes being in the same room

the elevator together). This is not good and is not allowed by But solutions could be found, for example, in the construction of open elevators of glass "so that they could be seen... it

together alone, elevators pose a potential difficulty. "One woman and one man who do

not know each other (may be in

would mean no complete privacy inside (the elevator). On the city-wide level, planners should site mosques so as to face Mecca. This in turn will affect the orientation of streets, said Koshak, adding that "(planners) will have to think in the Islamic way."

During the four-day confer-ence, delegates examined the studies presented on the fundamentals of architecture and town planning throughout the ages of Islam. The conference adopted recommendations on the study and asked the OICC member cities to conduct simi-

The OICC, established in 1980, was thought a necessary step in joining together all the municipalities in Islamic countries to consider the mutual problems they face, and to benefit from each other's experi-

Giacomelli said:

"UNRWA has sought to safe-

guard the future of the Palestine

'Intifada causes split in Jewish **American** community'

By Rania Atalla Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The 16-month-old Palestinian uprising in the Israeli-occupied territories has led to an erosion in the unity that existed among American Jews and many are now reexamining what "loyalty to Israel" really means, according to Dr. Laurie Brand, deputy director of the Washington-based Institute of Palestine Studies.

"Many Jewish Americans, who previously presented a monolithic opinion, are now saying 'enough is enough' and are realising that loyalty to Israel no longer implies support of everything that Israel does," Brand said in a lecture at the American Centre Tuesday. According to Brand, since the

Palestinian intifada began in December 1987, a new generation of American Jews has emerged, questioning what the "security of Israel" really means, and whether the West Bank and Gaza Strip are crucial for the state.

Brand points out that eventhough this "reexamination" phenomenon may not be deep rooted, it is still a beginning. "It may represent a new more realistic and less biased approach to the Palestinian people," she said, "but it is difficult to predict where it will go. There is still a lot of sympathy to Israel."

Brand stressed however, that support for Israel still holds, even from the very same American Jews who are now voicing dissatisfaction with Israeli policy. Their "Zionist credentials," as she refers to them, were never in question. Their dissatisfaction with Israeli measures is not so much based on concern for Palestinians as it on concern over what such measures might do to the image of Israel and to the "moral" character of the state, she said.

Be that as it may, the Jewish community is an important political group in the U.S., and Brand believes that this latest development is significant for the effect it may have in leading the U.S. administration to take positive steps towards a settlement of the Palestinian problem.

In December last year, the U.S. lifted a 13-year-old ban on dialogue with the Palestine Li- addressed."

beration Organisation (PLO), and the second round of talks between the two sides was held in Tunis Wednesday. Brand believes that pressure on the U.S. by its European allies, as well as pressure by the Sovietr Union on the PLO to recognise Israel's' right to exist have led to the reopening of U.S.-PLO dialogue.

Political discourse in the U.S.

According to Brand, the intifa-da has also led to an unpre-cedented opening up in the realm of political discourse among the American public at large which has, in turn, raised the ceiling of "acceptable discussion" about the Palestinian cause. As Brand put it, Americans can now publish their opinion "without being attacked for it."

The "breaking of the silence" on the Palestinian issue has seen the word 'Palestine' now 'appearing in the newspapers," she said.
"Saying the word PLO no longer puts you in the 'terrorist' and

'radical' category."

Granted, she says, the American people as such will not be able to establish a state for the Palestinian people, but were it not for the intifada the American public would not even be discussing the issues. And from that situation, she asserts, there is no going back.

The Jesse Jackson election campaign is, according to Brand, the clearest example of how the intifada affected U.S. domestic politics. For the first time, a major candidate spoke of the Palestinian right to self-determination, and despite that he was able to achieve widespread acceptance among Americans. As a result, Brand asserted, proponents of Palestinian selfdetermination acquired a legi-timacy which they never had be-

Brand sums up the effect which the uprising had on the U.S. as follows: "The intifada has sent a message which 25 years of armed struggle was not able to convey to the U.S. A people without a cause have changed to real people, with a real identity and a serious issue that needs to be

existing accord on hydrocarbon

Mother's Day celebrated

AMMAN (J.T.) — Her Majesty Queen Zein Al Sharaf Wednesday attended the Mothers' Day celebration held at Um Al Hussein Orphanage at Al Hussein Youth City. The Queen was accompanied by Her Royal Highness Princess Basma. Upon arrival the Queen was received by Their Royal Highnesses the Princesses, ladies of the society, and the wives of the members of the Arab and foreign diplomatic corps accredited to Jordan. Speeches were delivered congratulating the Queen on



Her Majesty Queen Zein

the anniversary of Mothers'

Austrian company to prospect for oil in southeast

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Austrian National Oil Company Wednesday signed an agreement with the Natural Resources Authority (NRA) to prospect for oil in the Kingdom within an area of 5,500 square kilometres located southeast of Sirhan district in eastern

Under the terms of the agree-ment signed by NRA Director General Kamal Jreisat- and the Austrian company's international operations manager, the company is expected to conduct exploration for oil for a period of 18 months. In the course of its operations the Austrian company will conduct seismological surveys along a 700-kilometre stretch of land where the NRA specialists had carried out earlier geological, geophysical and geochemical tests to determine the nature of rocks and oil pros-

According to the agreement, the Austrian company was expected to spend some \$2 million on its oil exploration operations in which NRA teams of experts will participate.

Last December the NRA and the Petro Canada International Assistance Corporation (PCIAC) signed an agreement to extend an

exploration in Jordan. The extension will permit PCIAC to continue seismic acquisition and processing programmes in the same Sirhan region as well as the northern highlands.

The exploration process was expected to go on throughout 1989, according to a NRA-PCIAC agreement.

In the past five years Jordan signed several agreements with-U.S. companies Hund and Amoco and Petrofina of Belgium to conduct oil prospect in the Kingdom.

In the meantime the NRA announced it was pursuing a gas exploration at Al Risheh, 150 kilometres east of Amman following the finding of considerable amounts of gas in that region in the past two years. Liquified natural gas produced at Risheh fields near the Iraqi border comes out at the rate of 2,000 barrels a day according to earlier interviews with NRA officials but they said studies indicate that the area would be developed to increase its gas production for industrial purposés.

Minister of Energy and Mineral Resources Hisham Al Khatib announced last April that Jordan was using gas from Al Risheh fields for power generation.

tees involved in the discussions reviewed working papers dealing with the development of the three governorates in agriculture, tourism, environment, industry, local councils' services and social de-

velopment. The meeting was called to fol-low up the implementation of resolutions and recommendations taken by a general conference by the three governorates councils held in Amman last September. According to an official from the Ministry of Planning the participants who represent the councils as well as the committees will work out an executive programme outlining steps and measures to be taken in the implementation

of the development schemes. Minister of Interior Rajai Dajani who deputised for Prince Hassan at the meeting delivered an address providing ideas about the committee's work and laying emphasis on specific principles that should be regarded while implementing the schemes. The minister stressed the need for the establishment of a central data bank providing information about development processes going

A total of six sectoral commit- on in the four development regions of the Kingdom.

Minister of Planning Taher Kanaan, who also addressed the meeting, described the discussions as part of the ongoing dialogue on the socio-economic process in the Kingdom. He said that under the present circumstances the development councils in all regions are called on to mobilise all efforts and private and public sector's contributions towards bolstering the national economy. The present circumstances, he added made it imperative on the government to adopt austerity measures so as to cut down on spending and imports and increase exports of national products with the aim of boosting economic growth.

The Zarqa, Balqa and Amman governorates together form the central development region in the Kingdom and hold the majority of population. According to Ministry of Planning officials. nearly 65 per cent of the total population now lives in the central region which also contains most of the country's economic

Mali's ambassador endorsed

ACC gets 8m ECUs European Ioan

AMMAN (Petra) - An eight ters and Distributors of Electricmillion European Currency Unit the European Investment Bank will be used by the Agriculture Credit Corporation (ACC), the council of ministers decided Wednesday. The loan is to finance a number of ACC projects.

The council of ministers decided that Jordan will take part in

ity, due to open in Bahrain Sun-(ECU) loan offered to Jordan by day. The meeting will discuss the union's general plans. The director general of the Jordan Electricity Authority will represent Jordan at the meeting.

The council of ministers also approved of Mali's nomination of Mr. Ahmad Bakawi as its new the board meeting of the Arab Union of Producers, Transpor-Jordan.

Khasawneh receives **UNESCO** official

entific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO) were discussed at a VENNA (J.T.) — UNRWA is na headquarters Wednesday. Seking to provide basic education to its students in the West of the schools would be the best meeting here Wednesday be-tween Minister of Information Hani Khasawneh and UNESCO of the schools would be the best course, one which UNRWA has assistant director for educational

repeatedly urged on the Israeli authorities, the present situation the organisation was studying

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) - Cooperation between Jordan and the minister of information's request. United Nations Educational, Sci- He also conveyed a request to the minister that Jordan be involved in the organisation's campaign on the eradication of illiteracy which will be launched in the coming

The UNESCO official later vi-The UNESCO official said that sited the University of Jordan and held a meeting with its President means of providing assistance to Abdul Salam Al Majali.

calls for some interim steps to maintain some continuity in the education of refugee pupils. Speaking last week to a meeting of the Interparliamentary Union in Budapest, UNRWA's Commissioner-General Giorgio Giacomelli said: **RSS** to supervise

RSS experts will be examining heaters. the types of pipes and the primary

basis to be tested by specialists at Khaled Kanaan.

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) — The the RSS's mechanical engineering Royal Scientific Society (RSS has department which normally consigned a contract with the Jordan ducts such tests and analysis on various elements and components

The company's pipes are curpipes in Jordan correspond to rently being used in water and internationally-accepted speci- irrigation networks, central heating systems, sewerage networks An RSS spokesman said that and in the manufacture of solar

The RSS's mechanical enmaterials used in their manufac-ture to ensure good quality and technical and consultancy ser-

quality of pipes

refugee children by fulfilling one of their basic human rights. Pipes Manufacturing Company to various elements as ensure that materials used by the used in industry. company in the manufacture of fications and standards.

abidance by the required specifications.

Samples of the company's pipes and primary materials will be sent to the RSS on a regular the company's Director General basis to be tested by consciolists at Khaled Kanaan

New Met. centre opens Thursday

augurated in Amman Thursday will provide accurate information Ali Abanda. about the weather conditions in

A spokesman for the Meteorolnew centre which would provide

at least a week in advance. The World Meteorological Organisation (WMO) has provided nearly \$200,000 in the form of equipment and machines for the new centre which is linked to

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) — The specialised weather channels via newly established National satellites that give accurate and Meteorological Centre will be in- speedy information about the weather conditions, according to and officials said the new facilities the Met. Department Director

Abanda said staff and specialists from his department have ogy Department here said that JD 500,000 were spent on the prior to the opening of the centre which he said is linked with the weather forecasts accurately for central meteorological station in

Offenbach, West Germany. He said that the annual cost of employing a direct satellite channel linking Jordan with the West German centre is about JD

"The first time I flew first class...



Was on Royal Jordanian's Business Class.

I've flown Business Class before but Royal Jordanian's new Business Class is really different. Special check-in facilities, super wide seats

that mean comfort all the way and good food and drinks - all served with a friendly smile. On this trip, I decided to stay ahead and always fly first dass BUSINESS

- on Royal Jordanian's のはめのしたんとう Business Class.

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Jordan Times

بوربن نايعز يومية عربية سياسية مستقة تصعر بالانجليزية عن للؤسسة الصحفية الأربنية

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At 44, Arab League requires face-lift

THE Arab League's 44th anniversary which fell on Wednesday should have been an occasion to spell out operational ideas on how to invigorate this Arab organisation. That the League as presently constituted leaves much to be desired is an understatement. Unfortunately the Arab League has been left by its member states to atrophy the years to the point that has rendered it less relevant than ever in the conduct of inter-Arab relations. In more than one way, this benign neglect of the Arab League has rendered it impotent in dealing not only with crises and conflicts between the Arab World and foreign powers but also in dealing with mter-Arab disputes.

In this vein, the Arab League submits, and rightly so, that the League is what the Arab states would want it to be. nothing more and nothing else. Some Arab states would demur and argue that over and above the proposition that the Arab League is an accurate reflection of what its members want it to be, the League itself can do a lot more to become more potent and relevant in dealing with issues affecting the Arab countries and their peoples. It has been suggested many times in this context that even under the prevailing conditions, the Arab League has the potential to become much more dynamic in addressing subjects affecting the Arab World. That is why one would have thought that an occasion like the 44th anniversary of the League would have been a propitious occasion to announce new measures' that would render the Arab League more forceful and meaningful in its ways within and without the Arab member

For example, the Arab League can save much needed funds by closing down several of its offices in-capitals where there is ample presence of Arab embassies. It is a common knowledge that where there are sufficient number of Arab diplomats, there is really no need for an Arab League secretariat to organise meetings between them. Its presence in such capitals is truly redundant. This has been amply proven in capitals like Ankara where the Arab diplomatic community was able to conduct its inter-Arab functions and diplomatic missions just as well without the benefit of an Arab League bureaucracy. The Arab League would be better advised to spend its meager resources in other avenues where it stands to reap much more tangible results. The main Arab League secretariat in Tunis can use new blood in the form of proficient Arab experts in different fields in order to render the head office more efficient and dynamic. The Arab World does not need just an Arab civil servants force which is not sufficiently motivated or versed in matters that are of great interest to the Arab World. There must be, therefore, more turn over in senior personnel to allow opportunities for younger people with new perspectives and ideas. Otherwise the Arab League would become a rather fossilised creature geared only to serve fossilised ideas and perspectives.

To be sure there are many other avenues open to the Arab League to rectify its course and amend its ways. The best way is to form an inter-Arab committee of experts to deal with this task of revamping the Arab League from head to toe. The 44th anniversary of the Arab League could have been just the occasion to announce the formation of such a

JORDAN PRESS EDITORIALS

WASHINGTON'S moves to find a settlement to the Arab-Israeli conflict is discussed in Al Ra'i Arabic daily newspaper's editorial Wednesday. The paper said everyone is optimistic over the United States' commencement of efforts to deal with the problem by contacting Jordan, Egypt and Israel, because such contacts mean that Washington was oriented towards finding a lasting peace in the Middle East. In May His Majesty King Hussein will visit Washington for talks with President Bush following the latter's contacts with Egypt and Israel, and the King's visit will open up good chances for further discussion of the problem in detail, and new prospects for Washington to offer new ideas towards a solution. The United States, the paper said, has announced that it will hold the meetings to try to bring closer the concerned parties in a bid to create common ground for a settlement. Indeed, the United States shoulders serious responsibilities as a superpower and should take immediate steps towards such a settlement, the paper added. It said that the United States has realised now that Israel is adamant in its position and does not offer any formulas for a lasting settlement; and therefore, Washington is called on to take serious moves and exercise pressure on Israel to accept peace and open the way for an international conference to achieve that goal.

A columnist in Al Ra'i daily advocates the case of the Jordan Valley farmers whose crops were damaged by frost in the past three months. Salah Abdul Samad says the farmers suffered real losses due to the wave of frost but were happy later to hear the government announced a decision to compensate them for their loss. Any assistance to the farmers would be a welcome thing since it will help them overcome part of their difficulties and try to honour their commitments by paying their dues to the moneylending institutions and credit banks and interest on the loans, the writer notes. He says the farmers had been awaiting all this time to hear a summon from the Ministry of Agriculture to come forward and collect their compensation, but nothing has been done in this respect so far.

Al Dustour daily tackled the situation in the Lebanese capital Beirut in the wake of the new escalation of fighting between militias on both sides of the green line dividing the city. The paper described the situation as very dangerous since both sides in the conflict are not only exchanging accusations and counter charges but also using artillery shells and rocket fire which is raining down on residential areas, killing innocent people. The paper said that both sides are determined to pursue the fight and cause more and more destruction to Beirut and other areas of the embattled country, leaving the civilian population without food and water and exposing their lives to danger.

10 years of Camp David accords

Despite peace, little evidence of normalcy

By Nejla Sammakia The Associated Press

CAIRO — Egypt and Israel have been on speaking terms for a decade, but it's the relationship of neighbours who keep a wary eye on each other.

On maps, Egypt is whole again. Under terms of the peace treaty signed March 26, 1979, the Israelis returned most of the Sinai in 1982, 15 years after it was occupied. They finished the turnover last Wednesday by pulling out of Taba, a tiny beach enclave on the Gulf of Aqaba.

Oil wells of Sinai and the Gulf of Suez, developed under Israeli occupation, pump money into Egypt, some of it from Israeli coffers. The United States, which under President Jimmy Carter sponsored the first peace between Arabs and Jews, is pouring more than \$2 billion annually into Egypt's economy. Even the Arab diplomatic boycott that the treaty sparked has ended except for

Libya, Syria and Lebanon. For the average Egyptian, however, there's little to show for Cairo's cool friendship with Israel except foodstands displaying juicier grapes, redder strawberries and fatter cucumbers.

But there's no talk, at least from those who rule, of going

important to the Israelis and Arabs," President Hosni Mubarak said after the Egyptian flag rose over Taba for the first time in 22 years. "It is worth whatever

By Nicolas B. Tatro

The Associated Press

TEL AVIV — Ten years after

signing a treaty with Egypt that

ended three decades of war,

the Jewish state in 1948 stirred

such unabashed euphoria in Israel

as the late Egyptian President

Anwar Sadat's dramatic decision

to break the taboo on dealing

with Israel, starting with his visit to Israel in November 1977.

But there is deep chagrin here

that the promise of such peace-

making did not lead to other

peace treaties with Arab states

and that Egypt shunned close ties

many fields like we see between

European states who a few years

ago fought each other like eternal

enemies. We are still far from this," Prime Minister Yitzhak

Shamir said recently on an Arabic

According to Israeli statistics,

63,000 Israeli tourists visited

Egypt last year, and Israel exported \$6 million in goods to Cairo. But only 100 Egyptians

came to Israel last year, while Egyptian exports to the Jewish state reached \$2.5 million to 3

million, a diplomatic source in

The clearest evidence of the

cold peace is the absence of any

celebrations in Tel Aviv or Cairo

to mark the March 26, 1978 sign-

ing of the treaty on the White

But the strength of the treaty

embassy employee in 1985, and cross-border raids by Palesti-

nians, including one in which three Israelis were killed last

Egypt showed no signs of wavering in upholding Sadat's pledge that there would be "no

more wars" despite Israel's 1981

annexation of the Golan Heights,

the 1982-85 invasion of Lebanon

and the ongoing Palestinian up-

rising that began in December

has been its tough skin. The pact has survived Sadat's 1981 assassination, the killing of seven Israeli tourists and an

Cairo said.

House lawn.

programme on Israel TV.

"Real peace is daily contacts in

in trade and tourism.

problem, which is the same reason that led to four Arab-Israeli wars: The Palestinian

Butros Ghali, Mubarak's minister of state for foreign affairs, said Taba could be the

"Solving the Taba problem" peacefully ... opens the door to oint action between Egypt and Israel to solve the Palestinian problem," he said.

Egyptian officials want Israel to change its policy, deal with the Palestine Liberation Organisation and give back the occupied Arab territories.

Where Israel is concerned, there's a general feeling of mistrust among Egyptians, bred on the four wars and many years of regarding Israel as the eternal enemy. In an era of the superpower cold war a few years ago, Ghali characterised Egypt's relations with Israel as "cold peace."

Plenty of Israeli tourists visit Egypt, but few Egyptians go the other way mainly because the government discourages travel to

Egyptians generally sympathise with the Palestinians, particularly since the anti-Israeli uprising began more than 15 months ago in the occupied West Bank and

Israel often asks Egypt to implement fully the treaty's provisions designed to promote normalcy through such fields as trade, tourism and cultural exchanges. But experts on both sides say agricultural technology

the Palestinian problem," said Weizman, who quit the cabinet in

protest of the lack of progress in 1980 toward granting Palestinians

talks with PLO Chairman Yasser

it is better late than never," said

Weizman, who told a small group

of reporters recently that he

blamed the lack of "gutsy lead-

ership" in Israel for the stalled

From Israel's point of view, the

greatest benefit of the treaty was

Arab coalition forming as it did in

1973 to launch a war against

and there's not going to be a war, and the peace from this point of

view is a real peace," said Avra-

ham Tamir, a retired army gener-

al who negotiated the military aspects of Israel's withdrawal

historical achievement because

without this peace, we would

have passed at least one more war,

and there are no winners in these

wars," Tamir said in an inter-

to scale down its arms race with

the Arab World and reduce the

amount of time Israel's soldier-

Ben-Elissar, a member of par-

liament's foreign affairs and de-

fence committee, credited the

treaty in part for Israel's ability to

citizens spend in uniform.

The peace treaty allowed Israel

"The peace with Egypt was an

"There is no war with Egypt,

peace efforts.

·from Sinai.

"It's a pity we lost 10 years, but

to solve the remaining central is about the only field in which cooperation flourishes.

The advantage of (working with) Israel is that our climatic conditions are similar," said Hany Abdul Nour, a businessman whose company sells irrigation techniques using innovative Israeli expertise.

He said most of his clients are former expatriate workers who have returned from Arab oil states with money to invest. "They are broad-minded and

ready to accept new techniques," Abdul Nour said. "Some people had reservations at the beginning, but after a while their misgivings One businessman who has no

qualms about using Israeli technology is a former ranking army officer who fought in the 1967 Middle East war, was captured and held for eight months as an Israeli prisoner-of-war.

The officer — he didn't want his name or rank used — grows grapes with Israeli know-how and

"This has no relation to war," the officer said. "My brother was killed in the war, so my hard feelings should be double, but I still take technology from them."

His family takes a less pragmatic approach. He said his wife "totally refuses" to socialise with her husband's Israeli colleagues.

Four years after then-President Anwar Sadat went to Israel, and two after he signed the peace treaty, Muslim extremists assassinated him in 1981 partly because of his closeness to

trim about \$600 million from the

But he stressed in an interview

convinced that their war of sur-

nation," he said. "Egyptians did

not depart from what the Arab

World represents: A total nega-

\$4.6-billion defence budget.

Israelis have mixed feelings about Egypt

with Israel included repeated promises of prosperity for a people shackled for years with spending huge amounts on war.

But rising inflation, aggravated by lower oil prices, mismanagement and corruption, has disappointed many Egyptians and dashed much of Sadat's dream, even though it can't be blamed on the treaty.

"I was against the whole peace move," said a young agriculture graduate who identified himself only as Ahmed. "I wasn't fooled that the treaty would bring prosperity. You can see there is no prosperity - quite the con-

Israel's dream of smooth relations will be put to the test in Taba. For the first time, Egyptian and Israeli employees will be working together in large numbers at a resort hotel that Egypt bought from its Israeli owner for \$37 million.

"I don't know how it'll be, working with Egypt," cook Alice Zerber said on the day of the Egyptian takeover. "I don't know whether I'll accept taking orders

from them Egyptian law requires that 90 per cent of a firm's employees must be Egyptian, but it remains uncertain when or how that will

be implemented. About 20 waiters and cooks

sent from Cairo arrived at the 326-room hotel only minutes after it became Egyptian and filed neatly into the poolside dining room to take instructions from

as an independent sovereign na-

Ben-Elissar, who was on the that Israelis had not yet been negotiating team that produced the treaty with Egypt, said that if warmer relations had evolved, riers to understanding.

1977 myths and traumas. This is peace, but it may be seen by some as a tactical peace" in which Egypt signed an agreement only tion of the rights of Jews to live to get back land, he said.

Powerful S. Korean unions gear up for spring offensive

By Roger Crabb

SEOUL — From shipyards to and employers and the government predict worse to come as newly powerful trade unions tions. launch a threatened "spring offensive.

Pessimists fear an epidemic of country only just emerging from their industrial competitors. decades of strongman rule, where industrial laws and work standards are still among the harshest in the world.

bles could provoke a full-blown political crisis threatening the survival of the fragile democratic reforms brought in since 1987.

Signs of an impending storm are in the air. President Roh Tae-Woo's government has re-fused to endorse a more liberal

NEWS ANALYSIS

labour law passed by the opposition-controlled parliament. The new law would enshrine, notably, the right of government employees to strike.

On Thursday Seoul city authorities, invoking existing hardline legislation, sent in 6,000 riot police with tear gas to assault the headquarters of striking subway workers and arrest more than

Opposition politicians condemned the police action. "The use of physical force against striking workers will not help calm the labour unrest," said a spokesman for the Party for Peace and Democracy (PPD).

He accused the government of deliberately letting the subway dispute worsen, hoping to exploit the resulting social unrest to resolve its political problems ahead of a national referendum expected next month.

year term, is committed to holding an "interim assessment" of his rule this year. Hardliners in the ruling camp have recently stepped up warnings against socalled leftist, pro-Communist agitators on the campuses and in economic planner.

Labour rights have become an ultra-sensitive social issue, with more and more voices raised to subways, strikes are breaking out charge that the country's tobust in key South Korean industries, growth has come at the expense of low pay for workers, long hours and poor working condi-

A recent international labour office survey found South Koreans still worked an average 54 labour unrest could sweep a hours weekly, many more than

Trade ministry officials say almost 180 companies were hit by disputes during January and February, at a cost to the country Some even believe such trou- of about \$1.16 billion in domestic production and \$326 milion in exports.

They said the stoppages were one major cause of a dramatic recent slump in South Korean export growth in the first two months of 1989.

The other factor in the decline was the stronger won as Seoul bowed to U.S. pressures and continued to revalue its currency, already appreciated more than 25

per cent in 1987-88. Employers say the continually rising won - which has still not reached a level to satisfy the U.S. government - is reducing their competitive edge in expert markets and making it even more difficult for them to meet the higher wage demands of an increasingly unionised workforce.

Companies, used to dealing with the respectful union authorised under the controversial old legislation, are also finding the growth of new "democratic" unions much more difficult to

The giant Hyundai group has seen a crippling dispute trag on for three months at its Ulsan shipyard in the south-eat, with output paralysed as workers argue with managers bit also amongst themselves.

Deputy Prime Ministe Cho Soon last week urged both employers and workers to show res-

"We are standing at 4 crossroads with a choice of heading either to advanced nationstatus or back to underdevelopment," said Cho, the government chief

Peace with Egypt changed vival was over. Israel has mixed feelings about Weizman's world view complete-"Israelis know that Egypt has they could have melted the bar-Roh, elected in 1987 to a fivethe stunted peace that has ly. The former pilot and air force recognised Israel as a reality, but emerged with the largest and "We are still back in the preommander became one of Israeli this doesn't mean Egypt has recmost powerful Arab state. leading doves and now advocates ognised Israel's right to exist as a No event since the founding of

Atghan drug situation worries U.S. By Susanne M. Schaffer

The Associated Press

WASHINGTON - U.S. officials are concerned that Afghanistan, already a principal opium producer, could become an even greater source of illicit narcotics in the wake of the Soviet troop with-

"Afghanistan... worries everyone who is interested in this issue," said Ann Wrobleski, the assistant secretary of state for narcotics affairs.

Wrobleski, in discussing the department's annual narcotics control report, said the problem was likely to be aggravated when the estimated three million to five million Afghan refugees return to their homeland.

In the wake of the destruction caused by the nine-year war against Soviet soldiers, traditional agriculture has been made nearly impossible in many regions.

"As we see refugees moving back into a war-torn country

government, we see them return- said. to a fairly easy, quick, profit able means of supporting themselves," Wrobleski said.

"Therefore, the prediction is that output of opium will increase out of Afghanistan, which then leads to a chain reaction of increased heroin moving through Pakistan," she added.

Throughout the opium-produc-ing region that also includes Iran, Burma and Laos, "prospects are not good" for any reduction in the opium trade in the coming year, Wrobleski said.

With some 700 to 800 metric tonnes produced last year, Afghanistan second only to Burma in opium production in southern Asia, the report said.

"Compounding U.S. govern-ment frustration at increasing worldwide opium supplies is the fact that about 90 per cent of the world's opium production takes place in areas in which the United States has little or no access such as Afghanistan, Lebanon,

where there is no strong central Laos and Burma," the report he not be identified by name said

the Mujahedeen rebels against producing and smuggling drugs to support their war effort against the Soviets. With the Soviets gone, the rebels are now attempting to overthrow the governmen of President Najibullah.

U.S. officials are concerned involved in a pilot programme that amid a possible struggle among the various rebel factions, "We're pleased with it," he narcotics control might not be given a high priority.

"Current agricultural production is roughly half of the pre-war level, insufficient to support the existing population, let along the large numbers of returning refugees," says James Phillips, a certain areas where rebel leaders senior policy analyst at the conservative Washington think tank, the Heritage Foundation.

"Drug production could be a major problem," he said in an interview. "But perhaps I'm just more pessimistic than others." expert, who spoke on condition

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central government to be igmed to start any kind of comprihensive drug eradication or crogsubstitution programme.

But he took a more positive approach to the post-Sovietera. The Agency for International Development (AID) has been

said, claiming a "quite impressive" success with the local farmers and expressing hopes the pilot programme could be used elsewhere once calm is restcred.

At present, however, cooperation can only be obtained in are in control and sympathetic to such an approach, the oficial

"My sense is, the resistance leaders we work with are exceptionally sensitive to this, ware that it is a domestic issue in the Another State Department Afghan United States," added the offi-

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After seven years of squabbling, Israel handed back to AMIN KAWAR & SONS Egypt the disputed beach resort of Taba earlier this month with-Abdel Hamid Sharaf Street out the die-hard opposition of Shmeisani P.O. Box 7806

Israeli right-wingers who fought the Sinai pullout in 1982. "Will the treaty last another 10 years? I tell you I don't know, I can't be sure," said Eliahu Ben-Elissar, who was Israel's first ambassador to Cairo and is now a parliament member representing

the right-wing Likud Bloc. "But I can assure you that today in Egypt I see no sign of any will to go back to the past situation of war. That's something. In fact, it's immense."

Ezer Weizman, then defence minister for Likud and now science minister for the left-leaning Labour Party, said the biggest disappointment was Israel's failure to follow up, as promised, in finding a solution for the Palesti-

"I was hoping for a much better situation, especially regarding

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Une délégation du Fonds moné-

taire international (FMI) est arrivée vendredi dernier à Amman afin de négocier les modalités du réchelonnement de la dette extérieure jordanienne. Avec un déficit croissant de sa balance des paiements, qui a atteint 200 millions de dollars en 1988, la Jordanie ne sera probablement pas en mesure d'honorer les 920 millions de dollars de créances qui arrivent à échéance courant 1989. Sa dette extérieure globale est officiellement estimée entre 6, 5 et 7 millions de dollars. Le gouvernement a toutefois affirmé sa détermination à honorer en 1989 le service de la dette extérieure, estimé à 420 millions de dollars. Selon des sources financières, la Jordanie souhaite obtenir du FMI un réchelonnement de sa dette ainsi que l'octroi d'un crédit de 150 millions de dollars. En contrepartie, le FMI devrait demander des mesures supplémentaires d'austerité: arrêt des subvention aux produits alimentaires de première nécessité, hausse des tarifs des services publics (pour réduire le déficit budgétaire) et un réajustement du dinar. Le gouvernement entend cepen-dant maintenir ses subventions au pain, au riz, an sucre et au lait, estimées officiellement à plus de 110 millions de dollars pour 1989. Amman a déjà effectu é des coupes dans son budget de 1989, en baisse de deux 2 milliards de dollars par rapport à l'an passé. La Jordanie affirme par ailleurs ductifs" et a limité l'importation de produits de luxe et la sortie de devises. (agences)

Jumelages Amman-Islamabad et Dakar-Jérusalem

Les capitales jordanienne et pakistanaise ont été déclarées villes jumelées le 20 mars en marge des travaux du cinquième congrés de l'Organisation des capitales et villes islamiques réuni à Amman. L'accord signé par MM, Abdel Raouf Al-Rawabdeh et Mazhar Radi, respectivement maires d'Amman et d'Islamabad, a notamment pour objectif de renforcer la coopération culturelle et commerciale entre les deux cités. Plus politique, le jumelage scellé entre Dakar et "Jérusalem, capitale de l'Etat indépendant de. Palestine", concrétise "la recommandation adoptée en 1981 à Baghdad par les ministres des Affaires étrangères de l'Organisation de la conférence islamique et appelant au jumelage des capitales islamiques avec Jérusalem" a indiqué le maire sénégalais, M. Mamadou Diop.

1.7 million de francs pour un chandelier islamique

Un chandelier en porcelaine bleu et blanc, modelé d'aprés un prototype iranien du XIIIe siecle. a été adjugé 1.7 million de francs vendredi dernier a l'Hôtel Drouot à Paris au profit d'un acheteur anglais. Estimé entre 300.000 et 400.000 francs, ce chandelier, dit de la période "Xuande", fait partie des six exemplaires répertoirés dans le

Chat siamois évadé: décollage retardé au

Un chat siamois a retardé de cinq heures, la semaine dernière. 'e décollage d'un Boeing 747 de la compagnie Kuwait Airlines l'aéroport international du Caire. Quelques minutes avant le départ de l'avion, un passager égyptien a demandé l'aide de l'équipage pour retrouver son précieux matou évadé de sa cage. Coopératif, le pilote de l'appareil a fait évacuer les 284 passagers et vider les soutes. Le félin à finalement été retrouvé au fond du compartiment à bagages après plus de deux heures de fouille minu-

Un cinquième Airbus pour la Royal Jordanian

Un cinquième Airbus A 310-300 a été livré jeudi dernier à la Royal Jordanian conformément au contrat signé en 1987 entre la compagnie aérienne et une société privée française. La Royal Jordanian avait alors passé commande de six appreils dont le premier est entré en service en mars 1987. Le dernier est attendu en 1990. Les Airbus, d'une capacité de 191 passagers, sont destinés à remplacer progressivement les Boeing 727 de la compagnie. Ils desserviront en priorité les pays du Golfe et l'Europe de l'Ouest.

Effondrement de la tour de Pavie

La tour de la cathédrale de Pavie, près de Milan, s'est effondree vendredi dernier, blessant plusieurs personnes. L'édifice, qui date du XIe siècle, avait djà donné des signes de faiblesse. Des travaux de resembladon avaient été entrepris l'été derUne interview de S.A.R. le Prince héritier Hassan

France-Jordanie: un mariage de raison

héritier Hassan est connu dans les milieux francophones de Jordanie pour son excellente maîtrise de la langue de Voltaire. Mais surtout, il est un promoteur actif des relations entre Amman et Paris. Peuton mieux faire? Réponse du Prince, en français.

- D'où tenez-vous votre intérêt pour la France et la langue fran-

Cela remonte à ma petite enfance. Je suis, par ma mère, à moitié turc. Et dans la haute société ottomane du début du siècle, il y avait une tradition francophone, qui nous a été transmise. Ma mère avait elle-même étudié le français à l'école des Dames de Sion, à Alexan-drie. Il est du reste difficile d'évoquer l'histoire du Croissant fertile sans mentionner l'influence culturelle française. Tout naturellement, j'ai donc étudié cette langue au cours de mes études primaires et secondaires en Angleterre. Dès mon enfance, j'ai été très sensible au soutien qu'avait apporté le général De Gaulle à la famille Hachémite pour ses positions envers le gouvernement de Vichy... Depuis, je me rends très régulièrement, quoique pour de brefs séjours, en France et en Suisse.

— Lisez-vous beaucoup de livres et journaux en français? Malheureusement j'ai plus souvent l'occasion de lire que de parler votre langue! Je lis réguherèment l'Express. Ajoutons-y quelques livres, de temps en temps. J'ai lu récemment le dernier Michel Tatu ("Gorbachev," NDR) ainsi que "L'Empire éclaté" d'Hélène Carrère d'E-

- Vous passez pour un ardent défenseur de la présence francophone en Jordanie, pays à forte

feu au Liban: les combats inter-

Pas de rénit dans le bras de

Liban: une voiture piégée a ex-

Al Dib., à 6 km au Nord de

Beyrouth, en plein "pays chré-

tien". Michel Aonn a attribué

cet attentat. Les combats se sont

étendus lundis à 40 villes du pays

et on dénombre plus de 50 morts

"mardi noir" à Beyrouth, il y a

Lundi, un raid aérien israelien

sur des positions palestiniennes. a

50 km à l'Est de Beyrouth a fait

15 tués. L'armée de Tel Aviv

tières de l'Etat hébreu, qui ont fait un mort du côté de Tsahal.

Mais surtout, les voies de com-

munication maritimes, aériennes

et routières du Liban sont désor-

d'une semaine. L'aéroport inter-

une semaine.

Impasse politique et déluge de ssi bloquée.

communautaires ont gagné cette tillerie continuent à faire rage

semaine-tout le pays, dont les entre les secteurs chretiens et

voies de communication sont musulmans de la capitale, dont

maintenant pour la plupart blo- tous les points de passage sont

entre pro et anti-syriens au diennement la "ligne verte". Les

plosé vendredi, tuant 12 person- circulent plus entre les deux sec-

aux Syriens la responsabilité de ment routières et maritimes,

et près de 200 blessés depuis le syriennes dénoncent le blocus im-

entendait riposter contre quatre et mardi avec les chefs des func-

attaques de commandos palesti-niens en une semaine aux fron-toujours au point mort. Michel

mais bloquées pour la plupart. général Aoun ne peut demander Très peu de Libanais out pu se "à lui seul" cette mesure. Elle

rendre à leur travail depuis plus nécéssite à ses yeux l'existence

national de Beyrouth, fermé de- fié, capable d'assurer la sécurité

puis 10 jours, n'avait toujours pas dans les zones actuellement con-

été réouvert mercredi. L'autoro- trôlées par les troupes de Damas.

Drapeau égyptien sur Taba

Le drapeau égyptien a été hissé mercredi dernier sur la borne

marquant la frontière israélo-égyptienne, mettant fin à 22 ans

d'occupation israélienne de cette station balnéaire d'un kilomètre

carré au Sud d'Eilat. Des employés israéliens ont décidé de

continuer à travailler à l'hôtel Sonesta, où ils côtoient désormais

léurs collègues égyptiens. D'autres se sont en revanche livrés à

des scènes d'hystérie. Le porte-parole du ministère israélien des

Affaires étrangères a exprimé l'espoir que Taba devienne un

havre de paix où pourront se rencontrer Israéliens et Arabes.

Selon Israel, le dernier obstacle à la normalisation Le Caire-Tel

Aviv est ainsi levé. De son côté, le président Hosni Moubarak a

déclaré: "Plus de guerre à partir d'aujourd'hui; c'est l'espoir qui

vit dans chaque coeur. Pourquoi ne pas en faire une réalité?". M.

Moubarak n'a cependant à aucun moment mentioné nommément

Israël (d'après agences)

ute Beyrouth-Damas est elle au- (d'après agences).

nes et en blessant 150 autres à Jal teurs de Beyrouth.

Son Altesse Royale le Prince pour les Jordaniens qui généralement parient déjà très bien l'ang-

> Effectivement, il existe un stéréotype sur l'anglais, langue uni-verselle qui dispenserait d'apprendre les autres. Mais on voit de plus en plus le rôle spécifique joué par la France au sein de la Communauté européenne, de même que le particularisme des autres pays à l'intérieur de la c'est-à dire l'axe anglo-américain. Mais l'Europe, ce n'est pas seulement l'anglais. Et dans l'optique de 1992, si la Jordanie veut devenir une fenêtre asiatique pour important de pouvoir parler directement, sans passer par l'anglais, avec les intéressés. C'est aussi important dans le contexte inter-arabe (Maghreb-Mashrek) et plus généralement arabo-africain, étant donnée la forte présence francophone sur ce dernier continent.

- En Jordanie, l'intérêt porté à la langue française ne se limite-til pas aux classes les plus aisées de la société?

En cette année du Bicentenaire de la Révolution, c'est assez surprenant... (rires)

— Une réforme de l'enseigne ment est actuellement en cours, qui vise à introduire une seconde langue étrangère au tawjihi (baccalauréat). Le français étant après l'anglais la langue la plus étudiée en Jordanie, va-t-il en résulter un regain d'enseignement de cette

langue?
Si nous voulons rendre la deuxième langue obligatoire, et non optionnelle comme elle l'est actuellement, il va nous falloir un soutien plus élargi des autorités françaises dans notre coopération. L'enseignement du français doit d'abord prouver qu'il est d'aussi bonne qualité que celui de l'anglais. Il importe également que les Jordaniens trouvent des tradition anglophone. Quel est débouchés pratiques à cet enl'intérêt d'appendre cette langue, seignement. Ils sont de plus en

A Beyrouth, les combats d'ar-

fermés, empechant la circulation

de milliers de personnes qui

vivres, le gaz et l'essence ne

Les phalangistes accusent les

combattants pro-syriens de coup-

er leurs voies d'approvisionne-

notamment en bombardant les

ports de Beyrouth et de Jounieh.

De leur côté, les forces pro-

posé par le général Aoun sur

l'aéroport international de

Beyrouth et sur tous les ports

contrôlés par les milices adverses.

Damas a eu des entretiens lundi

Aoun entend lutter jusqu'au re-

trait des 35.000 soldats syriens

stationnés sur les deux tiers du

territoire libanais. Son rival Selim

Hoss soutient de son côté que le

d'un gouvernement libanais uni-

L'ambassadeur du Koweit à

langue et aux réalisations franaises, mais je ne vois pas encore beaucoup d'ouvertures scolastiques pour eux, tant dans le secteur public que privé français. Nous attendons une interaction plus équilibrée. Certes, il existe à Paris un cliché sur la Jordanie, considérée comme un pays essentiellement anglophone. J'imagine que l'ambassade et le Bureau CEE. L'anglais oriente les rela-tions vers le monde anglo-saxon, d'action linguistique recontrent quelques difficultés à convaincre la France de développer sa contribution à l'enseignement dans notre pays...

Quarante étudiants vont sorl'Europe et vice-versa, il est très tir cette année diplômés en français de l'université du Yarmonk. Ils out avant tout vocation à enseigner. Vont-ils trouver des

> Il existe des débouchés dans l'enseignement, civil et militaire. Mais également dans les nombreux secteurs industriels et scientifiques où nous travaillons en coopération avec la France.

> - La majeure de français de l'université de Jordanie va disparaître l'an prochain. Pourquoi? Selon mes informations, il s'agit avant tout d'un problème

> de financement. - Vous attendez donc de la France qu'elle se manifeste plus sur ce problème? Espérons. Cela en vaut la

— Pensez-vous qu'on porte en France un intérêt sur le monde arabe proportionnel à celui porté à la France kci?

Je pense qu'on s'y intéresse beaucoup plus au Maghreb qu'au Moyen-Orient, si l'on excepte le Liban. Il y a beaucoup à faire pour établir davantage de ponts culturels entre la France et le Mashrek. J'espère que dans le contexte du nouveau Conseil de coopération arabe, nous pourrons développer l'intérêt pour l'Irak de Babylone, la Jordanie nabatéenne et le Yémen berceau des Arabes autant que pour



Le Prince Hassan: francophone depuis l'enfance

l'Egypte des pharaons. Il faut out en cette période de récession encourager des initiatives telles sur le marché européen. Les enque la prochaine Conférence treprises françaises ou autres peuachéologique de Lyon, à laquelle la Jordanie est associée.

- Pourquoi la Jordanie s'attachet-elle à diffuser des programmes de télévision en français?

Je n'ai pas fait d'étude de marché. mais il semble que ces Jordanie: le marché y est de toute programmes soient bien suivis facon limité, à plus forte raison dans le pays et surout au-delà, en en cette période économiqueparticulier dans les territoires ment difficile. La Jordanie doit occupés. Il est important que la aussi trouver son compte dans ces Jordanie reste un pays ouvert, échanges. Il a été particulière-tant sur les pays voisins que sur ment intéressant pour moi de les cultures étrangères. Ces programmes sont un instrument de dialogue culturel.

— Quelle et selon vous la plus belle réalisation française en Jor-

L'usine chimique d'Aqaba (fertilisants), construite avec le concours de SPIE Batignoles. - Comment jugez-vous la présence économique française en

Elle n'est pas encore très développée et gagnerait à l'être, surt-

vent trouver en s'installant en Jordanie de nouveaux débouchés sur le monde arabe. Notre pays constitue une bonne base industrielle et commerciale. Il ne s'agit donc pas seulement de vendre en mettre en place la coopération entre le CNRS (Centre national de : recherche scientifique) français et la Société Scientifique Royale jordanienne, qui développent un véritable échange scientifique. C'est dans cette esprit interactif qu'il faut développer nos rapports, et non pas seulement dans une optique vendeur-

> Propos recueillis par François Ducroux

Liban: la paralysie Sept Palestiniens tués le week-end dernier

Répression accrue dans les territoires occupés

blessés par balles; plus de trois cent cinquante mille habitants de Gaza soumis au couvre-feu mardi par l'armée iscaélienne: depuis la fin de la semaine dernière, le soulèvement palestinien dans les Territoires occupés a redoublé

Point de départ de l'embrasement: des affiches plaquardées samedi par une patrouille istaélienne sur les murs des maisons du quartier de Sheikh. Rajwan à Gaza, invitant la population au calme, si elle souhaite «conserver ses enfants en vie et ses maisons debout». L'incident, suivi peu après de la deuxieme année consécutive la l'irruption de militaires, pour-traditionnelle procession du chassant un jeune lanceur de pierres, dans la mosquée du camp, a provoqué de violents affrontements au cours desquels trois Palestiniens ont trouvé la et un blessés parmi les manifes-

Une grève générale a été décrétée dès le lendemain matin dans l'ensemble des Territoires occupés. Des émeutes ont aussitôt

Sept Palestiniens tués au cours de Nusseirat et Rafah (sud de ment restituée. blessées par balles. Toujours à Gaza, un jeune Palestinien de 26 ans a té abattu par une patrouille après avoir poignardé trois soldats et grièvement blessé deux d'entre eux. Deux autres personnes ont été tuées au cours d'accrochages avec des patrouilles israéliennes. Neuf Palestiniens ont été blessés le même jour en Cisjordanie.

> Ce regain de violence dans les Territoires occupés a été comparé par certains observateurs aux premiers jours de l'Intifada. Il a notamment conduit le patriarcat latin de Jérusalem à annuler pour traditionnelle procession du dimanche des Rameaux dans la Ville Sainte.

A Gaza, où la tension reste la plus vive, les forces israéliennes ont imposé le couvre-feu mardi mort. Les heurts, qui se sont sur la majeure partie du terripoursuivis iusque tard dans la toire. Cette mesure est intervenuit, ont par ailleurs fait soixante nue après la disparition d'un fusil automatique au cours d'un accrochage dans le quartier de Rimal dans la nuit du 20 au 21 mars. Sept mile habitants ont été privés d'eau et d'électricité et menacés de sanctions plus sévères éclaté dans les camps de réfugiés encore si l'arme n'est pas rapide-

tion, qui porte le bilan de L'Intifada a 409 Palestiniens et 16 Israéliens tués, a provoqué lundi la réaction de Yossi Beilin, l'un des bras droits du leader du Parti travailliste, Shimon Peres. S'exprimant a la radio israélienne, M. Beilin a appelé son parti a engager des négociations directes avec l'OLP, sans se préoccuper d'une éventuelle et probable rupture de la coalition gouvernementale avec le Likoud.

Coincidence? Le même jour, la même antenne, était rendu public un rapport des services secrets israéliens indiquant que le dialogue avec Yasser Arafat était la seule voie possible pour parvenir à la paix.

Grève générale pour la "Journée de la Terre"

Les responsables arabes israeliens ont appelé la population arabe du pays à observer un mot d'ordre de grève générale le 30 mars, à l'occasion de la "Journée de la Terre". Réunis la semaine dernière à Shefaram en Galilée ils ont en outre protesté contre "la politique discriminatoire du gouvernement israélien à l'égard du secteur arabe israélien".

Réchauffement Ryad-Téhéran

L'Iran a finalement obtenu gain de cause, sur le plan des principes, en ralliant les membres de l'Organisation de la Conférence Islamique (OCI) sur l'affaire Rushdie. On observe par ailleurs un réchauffement dans les relations entre Téhéran et l'Arabie saoudite.

Le succès de Téhéran n'est que partiel, car la résolution de l'OCI, qui clôturait jeudi dernier sa 18 ème réunion ministérielle à Bagdad, prête à interprétation sur l'affaire Rushdie. Les dirigeants du monde musulman, soucieux de dédramatiser une affaire hautement passionnelle au-delà de ses aspects religieux, ont déclaré l'écrivain «apostat» et son ouvrage «blasphématoire». Mais ils ont refusé de condamner à mort Salman Rushdie, musulman de naissance, comme le réclamait l'Iran en invoquant la lég-

islation islamique. L'Arabie saoudite, et avec elle bon nombre d'Etats arabes et africains, ont dénié à la Conférence toute compétence théologique. «Il y a des divergences sur les conclusions à tirer», a déclaré le ministre saoudien des Affaires étrangères, estimant pour sa part que «l'Islam n'est pas menacé par un livre».

La conférence a néanmoins interdit la publication de l'ouvrage dans les pays islamiques et menacé de boycotter les maisons d'éditions qui le diffuseraient.

Le succès est appréciable pour l'Iran, d'autant plus qu'il a été Obtenu en Arabie saoudite, qui lui dispute le leadership du monde musulman. De plus, le rival saoudien joue traditionnellement un rôle prépondérant au sein de l'OCI.

Selon les milieux politiques de Ryad, l'Arabie saoudite et l'Iran on fait un «pas appréciable» dans la voie de la normalisation de leurs relations, rompues depuis avril dernier à la suite d'un sabotage imputé par Ryad à Téhéran. Le représentant de l'Iran à la Conférence a qualifié de «fait positif» la présence même de la délégation iranienne dans la capitale saoudienne. De son côté, e ministre saoudien des Affaires étrangères s'est déclaré «heureux d'entendre ces propos qui sont un bon signe de solidarité islamique». A en croire l'entourage du délégué iranien, des «contacts préliminaires pourraient avoir «d'assurer la protection des habilieu prochainement entre les deux tants palestiniens et de superviser capitales. Leurs relations avaient le retrait total et inconditionnel

ments sangiants provoqués à La Mecque par des pélerins iraniens. A propos de l'Afghanistan, l'OCI a invité «les représentants des Moudjahidines afghans» à occuper le siège vacant de Kaboul. C'est donc la résistance dans son ensemble, dont les chiites basés en Iran, qui occupera ce siège, et non pas le seul gouvernement intérimaire basé au Pakistan, qui représente

uniquement les sunnites. Cette

solution ménagelaposition de

Téhéran, soucieux d'associer les

chiites au gouvernement.

Dix pays, dont la Syrie, les deux Yémen, l'Algérie et la Palestine ont émis des réserves ou n'ont pas entériné cette décision. Le gouvernement intérimaire des Moudiahidines a été reconnu par l'Arabie saoudite, le Soudan et

Sur la question palestinienne, la session a reconnu l'Etat palestinien indépendant et a appelé à placer les territoires occupés sous mandat des Nations-Unies. Elle demande à une force de l'ONU atteint leur plus bas niveau en d'Israel de ces territoires». juillet 1987, après les affronte- (d'après agence)

Municipales: bon score pour le PS Le Parti socialiste est sorti prin- national. Avec 1.300 élus, dont

renant le contrôle d'une vingtaine de grandes villes (plus de 30,000 habitants) perdues en 1983 au profit de la coalition RPR-UDF. Victorieux a' Avignon, Orléeans, Blois, Dunkerque, le PS a effectué une percée remarquée dans l'Est en enlevant les mairies de Strasbourg et Mulhouse. Après Leur succès à Nantes dès le premier tour, les socialistes renforcent également leur implantation dans l'Ouest en dépossédant le RPR de Brest et de Quimper.

Le parti de Pierre Mauroy essuie néanmoins quelques échecs retentissants, comme a Marseille, où Robert Vigouroux, exclu du PS, a été magistralement élu. A Paris et à Lyon, la majorité n'a pas réussi à entamer la

des écologistes et du Front Renon).

cipal vainqueur du deuxième tour un au Conseil de Paris, les Verts des élections municipales en font ainsi leur entrée dans la vie France dimanche dernier en rep- municipale française. Ils ont obtenu entre 8 et 24% des suffrages dans les grandes villes.

Considéré comme l'un des grands perdants du premier tour, le FN (extrême-droite) a surpris les observateurs politiques en remponant 800 sièges. Dans les grandes agglomérations, il enregistre entre 6 et 35% des voix, Jean-Marie Le Pen totalisant 11% dans le vingtième arrondissement de Paris. Le maintien des listes du FN au second tour. faute d'accord électoral avec l'opposition a facilité l'élection des socialistes à Avignon et Mulhouse.

Enfin, le Parti communiste perd cinq villes importantes, dont La Ciotat, l'un de ses bastions suprématie du RPR. Les listes de mediterranéens, et ne contrôle Jacques Chirac et de Michel Noir plus que 48 municipalités. Un y réalisent en effet le "grand nouvel échec que la direction du chelem."

PCF explique par le "fort taux
Autre enseignement important
de ce scrutin: les bons résultats

"droitisation" du PS. (Alain

FIGURE

Le CERMOC à Amman

à Amman: la guerre avait obligé le Centre d'études et de recherches sur le Moyen-Orient contemporain (CERMOC) à réduire ses activités au Liban, où le ministère français des Affaires étrangères l'avait établi en 1977. Le CERMOC conserve son siège officiel et sa bibliothèque à Beyrouth, mais son directeur, Marc Lavergue, a installé ses locaux à Amman. Inauguration le mardi 28 mars.

"Si notre siège demeure à

Beyrouth, où nous possédons une bibliothèque de 10.000 ouvrages réduverte cette année, Amman sera désormais la base des recherches et des publications du CERMOC. Nous avons choisi la Jordanie pour y créer cette antenne, car le Royaume n'a pas de rival pour sa position centrale dans la région. Amman offre une atmosphère et des structures propices à la recherche, et la Jordanie a des frontières ouvertes avec tous les pays voisins. De plus, ce nouveau bureau permettra aux chercheurs français de développer leurs connaissances sur le Royaume Hachémite, traditionnellement "domaine réservé" de leurs confrères anglo-saxons,'' explique Marc Lavergne, 36 ans, directeur du CERMOC.

Ce jeune chercheur, diplômé de l'Institut d'Etudes politiques de Paris, docteur en géographie et licencié en Arabe a déià travaillé en Syrie, en Arabie saoudite, en Egypte et au Soudan. Il publie le mois prochain un ouvrage sur le Soudan contemporain. A Amman, c'est lui qui choisit les sujets et supervise les travaux des chercheurs du CERMOC.

"La création du CERMOC témoignait de l'intérêt Péninsule la France à cette partie dit monde. Nos recherches couvrent la Vallée du Nil, le Croissant fertile et la péninsule (géographie, histoire contemporaine, sociologie, économie, sciences politiques et droit). Elles complètent les activités de l'Institut français d'études arabes de Damas (IFEAD) et



Marc Lavergne

celles du Centre d'études et de documentation économique, juridique et sociale du Caire (CEDEJ). Car le premier privilégie les études classiques et linguistiques, le second se concentre sur la Vallée du Nil. Le CERMOC, lui, a vocation à publier des études sur la société contemporaine et ses mutations au Moyen-Orient," explique Marc Lavergne.

Qu'on en juge par les sujets dejà en chantier: l'évolution actuelle des tribus bébouines de Pétra (Anna Ohannessian) et les politiques de santé en Jordanie (Brigitte Curmi). Et du 17 au 19 mai, un séminaire sur les mutations actuelles des sociétés rurales au Moyen-Orient, en collaboration avec le Forum de la pensée arabe. En projet également, une revue semestrielle sur des problèmes de sociéte'

Le CERMOC compte déjà à son actif une quinzaine de publications, en arabe et en francais. Il met à la disposition des chercheurs une bibliothèque spécialisée à Amman: on peut y consulter la plupart des périodiques du Moyen-Orient ainsi que des ouvrages de sciences humaines consacrés à la région. (FD).

A L'AFFICHE

CINEMA

D'Ariane Mnouchkine, avec la troupe du Théâtre du Soleil (1974):

suite de tableaux évoquant les grandes heures de la Révolution, CCF, mercredi 27 à 20h00 (en français,

The African queen

De John Huston, avec Humphrey Bogart et Katherine Hepburn: un homme et une semme diamétralement opposés se découvrent à l'occasur un bateau en jungle africaine.

Centre américain, jeudi 23 à 19h00 (es Bye bye Birdie

De George Sidney, avec Janet Leigh et Dick Van Dyke: comédie musicale. Une star du rock est appelée sous les drapeaux et son manager se voit nace de chomage. Un concours télévisé arrangera tout.

Centre américain, dimanche 26 et jeudi 30 à

Rock USA

Un condensé de Madonna, Talking Heads, Bon Jovi, Grateful Dead, Run DMC et Prince.

Centre américain, jeudi 23 et mardi 28 à 1950

James Bond contre Dr. No.

Avec Sean Connery, un classique du genre: l'agent 007, envoyé dans les Caraï pour enquêter sur la mort d'un confrère, se trouve au prise avec le cruel Dr. No. et de charmantes créa-

British Council, mardi 28 à 1860 (en

En italien

"Non c'è fume senza fuoco", avec Annie Girardot, Mireille Darc et Bernard Fresson (dramatique). Haya Arts Centre, jeudi 23 à 19530.

Ciné-club

Séances respectivement à 13h00, 15h00, 17h00, 19h00, 20h30: Le 23: Star man, Aisha, Bizarre, The Awakening, Yol. Le 24: Star wars, Caravans, Armacord, High road to China. Educating Rita. Le 25: Laitude zero. Death Stocker II, The conformist. Et Dieu créa la femma, From nine to five. Le 26: Space balls. Kiss of the vampire, Last tango in Paris, Al Ittijah Al Mou'akes (Syrian). Sin Le 27: Humanoid, Blood feud, Officier & gentleman. Zorba the Greek. Le 28: Barbarella, Room with a view, Breathless. They shoot borses. don't view, Breathless, They shoot horses, don't they?. Out of Africa. Le 29: Prince of darkness, The red sun, Night school, X, Y & Z. Cry of freedom.

Films es version originale. Tel 603901. Route de l'université, à droite après l'hôtel Jerusalem, puis tère à gauche, 300m. **CONFERENCE**

L'art et la

Révolution française

Nelly Lama est critique d'art et prolesseur d'histoire de l'art et de dessin. Elle aborde l'influence du courant révolutionnaire sur l'expression artis-

CCF, lundi 27 à 18100 (en français) TELEVISION

tique en France, à la fin du 18ème

"La main à couper," avec Michel Bouquet, Michel Serrault et Bernard Blier: policier. Hélèse, mère de famille épanouie, fait la rencontre d'un amai de ses enfants dont elle tombe amoureuse. Se rendant chez lui, elle le découvre mort assassiné. Elle prend alors la fuite. Mais elle est suivie et devient bientôt suspecte un... (JTV, vendredi 24 à 17h30)

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The Land of : SE

Focus on people

Tobe a woman of the field

By Mariam M. Shahin

"Women of the field trailing your tails over the sun-baked earth long robbed and not exactly silent. Barefoot over the fertile path iandmarked by your seeds. Scarved and Scarlet."

By Haya Husseini (Shades of Eve)

This week Leila Bisharat Halabi talks to Focus on people about her life in the Jordan Valley. She describes the differences in attitudes and lifestyles of people in the Jordan Valley as they compare to those in urban Amman.

Some 90 kilometres outside of Amman, on the way to the North Shuneh, lies Tal Al Arbeen. Leila Halabi has made this Jordan Valley village, which is only a seven minute drive from the archaeological site of Pella, her home. Born into a prominent family in the city of Salt and raised in private schools in Jerusalem, Bir Zeit and Cairo, Leila Halabi received the best education that a girl could get in the earlier part of the twentieth

She recalls: "In 1948 my family moved to Cairo, where my father continued his work in the horse trade. I was enrolled at the English school, a school that had been established by King George of England and had originally excluded Arab students. At that time it was a very exclusive school, I don't mean socially I mean academically and in terms of extracurricular activities. 1 took lessons in ballet, piano, hockey, long jump, net ball and was head of the social activities committee." Leila learned how to be independent and practical, and acquired what she described as a "sportive spirit" in life.

Although she had planned to attend finishing school in Switzerland, Leila met and wed Raouf Halabi the year she graduated from high school. "I was a bride at 18, my husband was 16 years older than I was and I saw him as a tall, handsome stranger who swept me off my feet. He took me to the Jordan Valley and a new life began for me."

Raouf Halabi's livelihood was in the Jordan Valley where he

owned and ran large citrus farms.

In the Jordan Valley, Leila Halabi's education continued. "Women in the Jordan Valley know nothing about satin slippers and silk negliges or designer make-up, nor are they familiar with envy and spite. Their minds are both inquisitive and youthful, and they never get bored. Once I started living in their midst, boredom, envy and spite became as foreign to me as these characteristics were to them.

The serene life that Leila Halabi had known in the Jordan Valley with her husband and three children, Hana, Issa and Omar, came to an abrupt end when on January 1, 1970 during one of regular early morning raids by the Israeli airforce into Jordan, Raouf Halabi was machine-gunned from the air at his home on the East Bank of the Jordan River. At 33, Leila Halabi was a widow, a mother of three young children and the "heritier" of responsibilities she had never dreamed of.

With the exception of brief interludes in Beirut where her children were educated, the woman that came to be known as Um Issa in the Jordan Valley, never really left her adopted home. "The Jordan Valley is our land, our home, our livelihood, it feeds the whole of Jordan. I often pity the 'privileged' social cast that I was born into for their ignorance of nature, their inability to appreciate it, to dwell in it, learn from it and grow through it."

Um Issa is very saddened by the rather artificial social atmosphere that is constantly underlined by complaints and eternal boredom, that has developed among the "well to do" in urban Amman. "City people are not interested in country folk, they come to visit the valley and expect catering. They never bother to explore anything that is 'real' — the thorns, the snakes, or the vegetables.

The wealth of the villagers and the bedouins is something that most urbanites are either unaware of or simply chose to ignore. "People in the Jordan Valley are so rich in their folk tales, their dress and even their notions of romantic love. An old bedouin woman was once asked by a foreign writer about the bedouins' notion of love, end answered by saying that 'where we come from even the donkeys fall in love ." This notion of love spills over to other aspects of life in the Jordan Valley. Um Issa describes the valley's parent-children relationships as very healthy and explains that the cooperative spirit there as superb. "Unlike people in Amman, people in the valley listen to each other, they take the time out to talk. Mothers are not always busy playing bridge, doing aerobics or attending social gatherings. They spend time with their children.

Despite the social unacceptability of pre-marital relationships. Um Issa asserts that youngsters in the valley know everything about the practical aspects of life. "After all when a whole family lives in one or two rooms, they get to know the facts of life and never develop the complexes that youngsters from very sheltered homes often develop.

During the past 18 years Leila Halabi lived in Beirut, Amman and Tal Al Arbeen as a single woman, more precisely as a widow. Her "title" as she calls it, is one that she feels has made her a social outcast in many ways. "People in Jordan, in the Middle East and possibly everywhere have a very strange notion of widowed women, which, to say the least, is disturbing. Even family members only invite you to family parties, they never invite you to other social gatherings. They look and talk to you as if they feel sorry for you and always speak condescendingly. 'Oh Leila you have devoted so much to time to your children and your farm, you must think of yourself, why don't you get married again?' Statements and questions such as these make me laugh.' Analysing herself and figuring out why in fact she chose not to remarry Leila Halabi asserts: "I chose not to remarry because I

did not want to. I felt my children could never accept another man as their father and I came to enjoy my independence and the sense of accomplishment which I had not known before." Many of Leila's friends and relatives wonder what it is that

Leila does when she is in the Jordan Valley. "People always ask me that stupid question, 'What do you do in the valley?' What could I possibly be doing? I take care of my children and my house, I make preserves and take care of other responsibilities in the farm.

Leila is very grateful to the villagers for the healthy way of life they have taught her to lead. "They don't overcook their vegetables and meats, they use natural herb medicines and they make everyday events seem very spicy." Most of all, she says, "They are able to laugh at themselves."

Life in the Jordan Valley has changed since Leila first began living in the valley more than thirty years ago. Electricity was installed ten years back, and television has left a lasting impact on the valley's culture. "Now they know about what is happening in London and Bangladesh before I do. They also let me know how my son Issa does in car rallying competitions before I have a chance to find out from him," she says. "We have lots of little girls called Angela, Sue Ellen and Melissa in the valley who were named after TV personalities."

Lots of other changes have occurred in the valley in education and medical services, " a lot still remains to be desired", but according to Leila, "time and patience will give the Jordan Valley it's deserved due."

Leila has called agriculture "the finest of all the arts, for it feeds us and allows us to grow." Looking back at her life in the valley, her dedication to the land and to her family she says she expects no praise and above all, she has no regrets, "the roots below the earth claim no reward for making the branches fruitful and

The rebuilding of Basra

By Maamoun Youssef Reuter

BASRA - Iraq's southern port of Basra, devastated by shelling during the Gulf war, plans to preserve the ruins of some schools and mosques to remind coming generations of the horrors of war.

The country's second largest city, Basra was in the front line during Iraq's eight-year conflict with Iran.

A U.N.-sponsored truce last August halted the fighting in

By Joan Mower The Associated Press

WASHINGTON — As he fled,

wounded, through the jungles of

Cambodia, Sichan Siv never

could have imagined that in 13

years he would be a White House

aide to an American president.

President George Bush for public

liaison, the "American Dream" is

not a cliche. His almost-unbeliev-

able story is the stuff of movies.

In a symbolic gesture, Siv opted to start his job Feb. 13, the

13th anniversary of his escape

from Cambodia. But, he said

with a smile, the highlight of his

4-week-old tenure at the White

House came when he met Bush

last week, and the president

"pronounced my name right

In his new job, one of two

deputies in the office. Siv is

Bush's contact with ethnic and

minority groups. He deals with

issues like civil rights, education,

Siv's tortuous path to presiden-

tial aide began after the Khmer

Rouge, a brutal communist in-

surgency, defeated the U.S.-

backed government of Lon Nol in

April 1975. About 15 family

members, including his mother,

were among the hundreds of thousands of people killed by the

Before his escape. Siv rode a

bicycle across Cambodia for 20

days, survived in a Khmer Rouge

labour camp eating a bowl of rice

a day and worked myriad jobs

"I dug irrigation canals, I plowed land. I planted rice. I harvested rice," he said.

He fled Cambodia 10 months

after the Khmer Rouge takeover

by jumping off a timber truck and

running through the jungle with-

out food for three days until he

reached Thailand. En route, he

stepped on a land mine and suf-

fered leg wounds. He has reco-

vered well enough to become a

from dawn to dusk.

the homeless and refugees.

(See-Chan Siv).

For Siv, 41, deputy assistant to

fore the guns fell silent, Iraqi President Saddam Hussein allocated \$5 billion for reconstruc-

"We have an unlimited budget," Basra Governor Anwar Saeed Al-Hadithi told correspondents. "Every state establishment will spend as much as required under the reconstruction plan to turn the city into the pearl of the

Hussein asked Iraq's 17 other governorates to assist.

Thousands of labourers with heavy equipment are at work, which hundreds of the city's one with the first phase of renovation million residents died. Even be- due for completion in May.

For some the 'American

whose philosophy helped him survive, Siv said.

are, 'as long as you live you must

always have hope,' and, 'happi-

ness is something you can't keep unless you give it away.' Those

are the basic values of life that I

have always kept with me," he

ornate, high-ceilinged office at

the White House complex, seems

worlds away from the Cambodian

But Siv, who dresses in pin-

striped suits with suspenders and

speaks English with an accent,

keeps mementos nearby: native

musical instruments, silver orna-

ments and books about his native

The son of a policeman, Siv

received his high school and col-

lege education in Phnom Penh,

Cambodia's capital. Before the

capital fell, he worked with an

airline, as a high school teacher and as an administrator with

Care, the relief organisation. .

ated from the U.S. embassy by

helicopter, but missed the last flight out April 12, 1975, by 30

minutes. It took him until the

following February to make his

forced to conceal his education

from the Khmer Rouge, who

were determined to stamp out the

intelligensia. And his decision to

get to the Thai-Cambodian bor-

der meant a traumatic separation

from his family.

Arriving in Thailand, Siv was

jailed as an illegal entrant, but

was later released and placed in a

refugee camp. There, a Catholic

relief group found a couple in Wallingford, Connecticut, willing

to sponsor Siv. He arrived in the

United States with \$2 in his

premature death in the developed

also becoming a serious problem

in developing countries — a fact that is hidden by the high preva-

lence of communicable diseases.

Indeed, cardiovascular diseases,

cancer and accidents are the three

main causes of death for the age

group 15 to 64 in both developed

and developing countries.

By the late 1950s, the idea took

hold that some chronic diseases

might be due in whole or in part

to nutrition. Nutritional excess in

parallel with nutritional deficien-

cies (for instance iodine or iron)

became a focus of research. Since

then, accumulated scientific evi-

dence has confirmed the role of

diet - together with other kinds

of behaviour such as smoking,

The same chronic diseases are

During that time, Siv was

He was supposed to be evacu-

Siv's new life, working in an

said in an interview.

"The two things she told me

dream' comes true!

Basra port authorities have also started to clear war debris from the Shatt Al-Arab

Hadithi said Basra's water, electricity and telephone networks should return to normal and most city streets should be repayed by May. Dredgers are also clearing six major water channels in the city.

A reminder

The governor said the ruins of several shell-hit schools, mosques and churches would be preserved "to remind coming generations of

With no assets, Siv picked ap-

ples and worked in an ice cream

parlour before New York City

beckoned. He drove a taxi there

for six months and later got a job

with the Lutheran immigration

Eager to improve his lot, Siv

won a scholarship from Columbia

University, where he obtained a

master's degree in International

Affairs. He then worked at the

United Nations and for the Insti-

tute for International Education.

through his wife, Martha, a Un-

ited Nations liberation from Pam-

Siv also has a Texas connection

"I'm the honorary mayor of

Pampa," Siv said, proudly dis-

playing a key to the city. The couple married in 1983 and have

In 1987, Siv went to work for

Bush as, he says, "one of the many faceless volunteers" in New

York. He raised money and made

contacts with the Asian com-

Once Bush was elected, Chase

Untermeyer, a Texan who heads

the White House personnel office, recommended Siv for his

present job. John Sununu, the

White House chief of staff, and

David Demarest, the com-

munications director, approved.

"I was impressed not only with

the substance and drama of his

background, but also his political

acumen, his character and his

obvious knowledge of how to get

things done, and a drive and

stick-to-it-iveness that you need in the job he's got," Demarest

Siv attributes his rise to his

adaptability. "I have been fortun-

ate to get myself adjusted into

new situations very quickly," he

the upwardly mobile. Siv said he

has promised himself he won't

work more than 13 hours on

weekdays and 10 hours on the

"It doesn't matter how many

and refugee service.

pa, Texas.

no children.

progresses, workers are planting new trees along a boulevard close to the Shatt Al-Arab, the confiuence of the Tigris and Euphrates rivers leading to the Gulf. In the waterway itself, giant cranes, tugs and dredgers are

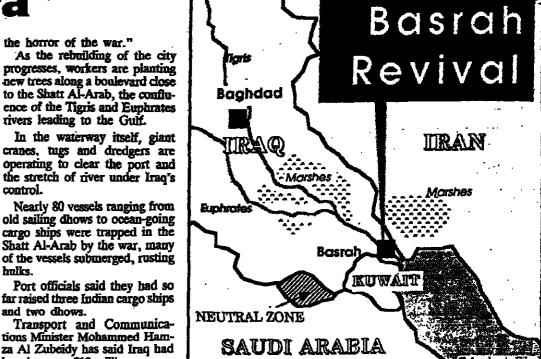
the horror of the war."

control. Nearly 80 vessels ranging from old sailing dhows to ocean-going cargo ships were trapped in the Shatt Al-Arab by the war, many of the vessels submerged, rusting

Port officials said they had so far raised three Indian cargo ships

and two dhows. Transport and Communica-tions Minister Mohammed Hamza Al Zubeidy has said Iraq had bought a new \$13-million excavator to help dredge and deepen port anchorages. The port before the war was

Iraq's main ocean outlet, while channel for oil exports from both



the Shatt Al-Arab was a major Iraq and Iran.

Saving our planet — a top priority

THE WELLBEING of our planet has now been firmly placed at the top of the international agenda — and will hopefully remain there until increasingly urgent ecological problems have been resolved.

This was the optimistic view being taken among officials of the United Nations' Environment Programme (UNEP) after the London conference on saving the Earth's protective ozone layer. The three-day meeting, organised by the British Government and the U.N. offshoot, attracted representatives from 124 countries,

mostly at Ministerial level. But the depletion of the ozone layer is only one of the ways in which mankind is imperilling its own future as the conference was reminded by UNEP's Director, Egypt's Dr. Mostafa Tolba.

"Famine, drought, pollution, deforestation, soil loss and the extinction of plant and animal life are all warnings that we risk unravelling the global web of life," he said. "The life-support systems of our planet are collapsing, and we owe it to the newlyborn generation to do all in our power to hand over a living

There was a similar message in the keynote speech delivered by Kenya's President Daniel arap Moi, in whose country UNEP has its headquarters.

the damage the Man continues to inflict upon the planet," he said before outlining the effects of depleting the ozone layer alone. He appealed to all countries to recognise this impending disaster by signing the Montreal Protocol.

signed to protect the ozone layer from further damage, caused mainly by chemicals called chlor-ofluorocarbons (CFCs). They are used in aerosols, refrigerators and in the manufacture of plastic

The accord calls for a 50 per cent reduction in the use of CFCs by the end of the century. But long before the London conference there was a growing realisa-tion that this did not go far enough.

"There can be no winners from the damage that man continues to inflict upon the planet,"... he appealed to all countries to recognise this impending disaster by signing the Montreal Pro-

A few days before the meeting out of the chemicals by the same target date. And the following day President Bush promised that whatever is done now, the data the United States would follow

The London conference pro-

held in Helsinki in May, at which the Montreal accord will be reviewed. And a final declaration from the conference included a call for the strengthening of the agreement.

This said that the ultimate goal to be the total elimination of the production and use of CFCs and other harmful substances.

The conference had provided clear evidence of the mounting concern among governments all over the world regarding the urgent need to take effective action to safeguard the ozone layer. This, in turn, the document added, would reduce the impact of global warming, the so-called greenhouse effect.

Delegates also urged that ways of helping developing countries to adjust to the phasing out of CFCs should be a major feature of the Helsinki review meeting.

They were thus echoing Presi-dent Moi's appeal for compensat-ing financial aid and technology transfers to the Third World. But leading donor-nations have indicated that they will place a greater emphasis on environmental factors in the disbursement of

Existing signatories to the Montreal treaty are estimated to account for about 80 per cent of global CFC production, but this will rise by about ten per cent if the 12-nation European Com- those governments who promised aiming for the complete phasing London conference fulfil that

> Scientists have warned that? age caused by CFCs in the atmosphere will persist for decades And each year of additional delay.

"He's a person with a great deal of charisma," said Bob **Philosophy** hours I put in... there is no single Charles, the Wallingford housing This international agreement, vided an opportunity to lay the groundwork for a meeting, to be Lions features. minute that is boring or dull." he It was his mother, a Buddhist, consultant who brought Siv to drawn up two years ago, is defast lane, read 'N' for nature Those in the

Although popular wisdom — 'an apple a day keeps the doctor away' — has known the benefits that the human body derives from vegetables and fruit, the modern diet has moved alarmingly away from nature. Advice on good eating may sound cliched but it still makes a lot of sense for the increasing numbers of people in the fast lane.

By Aulikki Nissinen

GENEVA — When mankind was still young, some 4,000 years ago. the staple diet imposed on it by Nature consisted of wild plants and small, huntable animals. Comparison between that diet and the current eating habits of Americans, for example, shows great differences in protein, fat, sodium, potassium and calorie

But the most significant changes in human diet have taken place only during last two centuries. Biologically, therefore, peo-ple have had little time to adapt to rapid changes in food which occurred first in Northern Europe and North America and only very recently in other areas. The problem is beginning to be felt in the developing world.

The changes have led to a much-increased supply of protein-rich foods, and at the same time, to an excess of animal fats,

Performances 3:30, 6:15, 9:00

cholesterol, the main contributor to atherosclerosis and its consequence — heart attack. The development of hypertension, which puts the individual at risk of strokes as well as heart attacks, is very closely related to such the so-called saturated fats. With dietary factors as obesity, high the changes has emerged an sodium intake and heavy alcohol epidemic of such chronic ailments drinking. as cardiovascular diseases and Some 35 per cent of cancers are cancer, now the leading causes of

chronic diseases.

associated with diet. Excess fat intake has been linked to an increased incidence of cancers of the breast and colon, while food preservatives (for instance salting) have been associated with stomach cancer.

When other chronic diseases associated with diet such as gallstones, osteoporosis and goitre are taken into account, the picture becomes clearer and more comprehensive. A healthy diet becomes even more meaningful if the harmful effects of heavy alcoaccount. Alcohol has become an integral part of the diet in many cultures. Yet excessive drinking increases not only the risk of traffic accidents, but it's also responsible for liver cirrhosis and other health and social problems. many developing countries. —
The high calorie content of alcoother health and social problems.

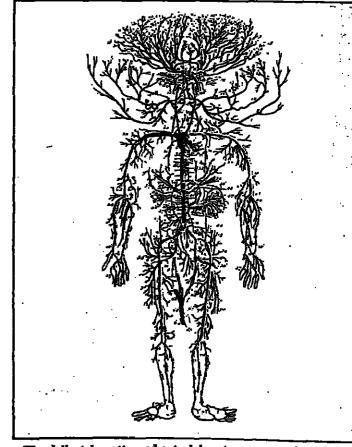
stress and a lack of physical activhol contributes to excess body — in the development of weight.

The least developed countries Excess intake of animal fats is may still be a position to inhibit the main cause of elevated serum the development, among the whole population, of those harmful lifestyles which have evolved during recent decades in the developed world - lifestyles which are taking a great toll in terms of human suffering and economic

In countries with excess or emerging chronic disease problems, guidelines for healthy nutri-tion include recommendations about fat intake. For most individuals this means eating less animal fat in all its forms like butter, processed food and so on.

A healthy diet should contain fruits, vegetables and wholegrain cereals; this situation still prevails in many developing countries. The diet should not contain much salt - physiologically a human does not need any added salt. A healthy diet should on the whole contain a balance of carbohydrates (in the form of fruits, hol drinking are taken into vegetables and cereals) and protein (ideally from beans and pulses, low fat dairy products, fish or lean meat).

What is striking of course is that such an exemplary diet is very close to the actual diet in



The delicately patterned arterial system, as an 18th century artist portrayed it, has to be protected from the clogging effect of excess fat in the diet.

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Tea break in the battle of the books

The British Library, treasure trove of oriental manuscripts, is in danger of losing or damaging some of its possessions in a bureaucratic dispute over its planned move to a new site.

By Sajid Rizvi

LONDON — The British Library, home to thousands of precious manuscripts and printed books from the Middle East and Asia, is at the centre of what only with great understatement may be termed an academic argu-

The library, actually a constellation of 19 separate buildings in and outside London, is preparing to move into a brand-new multimillion dollar complex be-

tinal do

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ginning 1993. With most of the space at the new site, near Central London's St. Pancras station, expected to be shared by 11 million books and staff looking after them, competition among departments has peaked as building work has progressed.

The library's massive oriental division at Store Street, near the Oxford Street shopping district, is the single most vulnerable collection, according to academics cur-

Soviet Union and Eastern

future. Proposals to move the oriental collection to the India Office Library building a few kilometres away provoked some of the loudest howls of protest.

Academic critics feared the transfer, ostensibly to save costs, might be a thinly disguised attempt to deprive the oriental library of the pride of place in the main complex. Other academics argued the transfer would make the combined Middle Eastern and Asian collections of India Office and British libraries the best in the world.

The British Library's oriental collection at Store Street, in about 350 languages or language groups, includes some 650,000 printed books, 42,000 manu-

scripts, over 20,000 fragments, 7,500 serials and 1,100 newspaper titles. Barry C. Bloomfield, director of collection development, said the library's Arabic and Persian possessions were the best in the world.

But the building is needed to house the library's administrative offices and save rent currently paid for premises in the fashionable but exorbitantly priced Soho in London's West End. If the collection moves to India Office Library and then again to the new complex before the end of the century, critics say, manuscripts may be lost, books may see damage and scholars from all over the world may be deprived of months of research into the material,

Maestro Rostropovich's musi-

He holds more than thirty honor-

rent nations have lavished more

than sixty major awards upon

him. Prior to leaving the USSR in

1974 on an exit visa, he had

received the Stalin Prize, had

been named a People's Artist of

the USSR, and was a recipient of

the Order of Lenin, the nation's

One of the world's most out-

spoken defenders of human and

artistic freedoms, Maestro Ros-

tropovich has devoted many per-

formances in support of huma-

nitarian efforts around the world.

In recognition of his services to

human rights, Maestro Rostropo-

vich received the 1974 Annual

Award of the International

highest bonour.



An example of restoration work on a Chinese scroll at the British Library's Conservation Studio in London.

usually arranged in advance. Possible damage

"Damage may be caused to unique and irreplaceable treasures of international importance by a second (and possibly a third) move within two decades," a

letter from British Middle East-ern scholars to The Times warned. The collection was originally housed in the British Museum and in 1980 was moved to the Store Street site.

Yasin H. Safadi, deputy director of the British Library's oriental collection, with an illuminated Ouran copied in Egypt in the early 14th century AD (704 AH).

of parliament and merged several sessions, nor is one likely to be key institutions of eastern learn- placed. The insurance costs of ing in Britain. In the bargain it such an exercise, academics say, attracted many donations from would cripple the British Library, people who felt the library would currently funded by government

best preserve items left for years grants and sales of books and The so-called British Library in the attics. No price tag has ever was created in July 1973 by an act been placed on the library's pos-

maestro comes to

- The career of National Symphony Orchestra Music Director Mstislav Rostropovich has been distinguished by the inte an enviable diversity, bringing him recognition as conductor, cellist, and pianist; as one of today's most important catalysts for the creation of contemporary music, and as one of the world's most outspoken defenders of human rights. For his many achievements, but particularly for accomplishments with the National Symphony, Maestro Rostropovich was named Musical America's 1987 Musician of the 30 02(**%**) Year. Among the other accolades that were presented during the year of his 60th birthday were the Officer's Cross of the Order of Merit of West Germany, Commander of France's Legion of Honor, Honorary Knight Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, and, from the United States, the Presidential Medal of Freedom, His 60th birthday was also celebrated with gala concerts and festivals in Washington, New York, Boston, Paris, London, and Tokyo, as well as a musical cruise in the Mediterranean. In 1988 he was made a member of the Academy of Arts of the French Institute, often called "the Forty Immor-

tals." Maestro Rostropovich's career as conductor began in the Soviet

Mstislav Rostropovich

Europe for many years before making his United States conducting debut in 1975. On October 4, 1977, he became music director of the National Symphony Orchestra, which today has taken a place among America's finest orchestras, a fact largely attributed to his leadership. Critics on four continents have praised the "transformation" of the National Symphony during his tenure. His major achievements include: extensive touring of the United States and abroad, critically acclaimed recordings, and six years of nationally broadcast concerts, the first in the Orchestra's history. Under Maestro Rostropovich's guidance, the Orchestra has commissioned works by some of the world's most distingnished composers and has begun, with the Sidney L. Hechinger Foundation, a commissioning project designed to create new orchestral works, with special encouragement given to American composers. The first of the Hechinger Commissions,

erRun, won the 1985 Pulitzer Prize for Music. As cellist, Maestro Rostropovich's artistry has been recognised for four decades. Considered by many to be the world's greatest living cellist, he has re-

Stephen Albert's Symphony Riv-

of this era's finest composers to create works especially for him. cianship has earned him numer-As pianist, Maestro Rostropo- ous accolades. His recordings vich often accompanies his wife, have brought him the world's the acclaimed soprano Vishnevs- most coveted recording prizes kaya, in recital. His extensive including the Grammy Award discography also includes many and the Grand Prix du Disque. performances in that role, and together they have toured the ary degrees, and eighteen diffe-

In all his performing areas, Meastro Rostropovich has been one of today's most positive forces for the creation of contemporary music. The list of those who have written for him is enormous, including Shostakovich, Prokofiev, Britten, and Bernstein. He is viewed as a leading interpreter of the works of Shostakovich and Prokofiev, with whom he shared personal, as well as professional relationships. His equally close association with Benjamin Britten is perpetuated through his participation in the Aldeburgh Festival, which Britten founded and of which Maestro Rostropovich is an artistic

League of Human Rights and the 1985 Albert Schweitzer Award. Under the Patronage of Their Royal Highnesses The Crown Prince and Princess Sarvath The Young Women's Muslim Association has the honour to present Mstislav Rostropovich The Grand Master of the Cello in concert at the Royal Cultural Centre on Saturday 25th March 1989 at 7.30 pm. For further information

and tickets contact Mrs Christina Friis between 10.00 am - 1.00 pm on 649189. Cost of tickets JD 20.
All proceeds to go to the YWMA Centre for the special education of handicapped children.









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Independent oil producers continue to support OPEC

BOULDER, Colorado (R) — Oil nations outside OPEC are eager to continue to help the group to curb excess supply and buoy prices beyond the April-June quarter for which cutbacks are already agreed, officials of those nations said.

sources with the non-OPEC an increase in their quotas is group said it would hold strategy talks between now and June.

But they said one uncertainty was whether OPEC (the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries) would raise the ceiling on its own supply, now 18.5 million barrels per day (b/d), in the second half of 1989.

Nine non-OPEC nations agreed to cut or restrain their supply in the April-June quarter action likely to take about 300,000 b/d out of the market only after OPEC sharply curbed its excess production.

"It is clear that the cooperative feeling will continue and there will be meetings perhaps this month or next," said Rashid Ibn Khalid Al Barwani, Oman's oil

"I think the cooperation will be

consumer prices last month sig-

nais less inflation than previously

feared and eases pressure on the

Federal Reserve (Fed) to raise

The consumer price index, the

interest rates, economists said.

most widely used inflation gauge,

rose a moderate 0.4 per cent in

February after jumping 0.6 per

cent in January, the Labour De-

Although inflationary press-

ures still abound in the economy,

,the more moderate rise in prices

makes it less likely that the Fed

will move swiftly to tighten credit

ure off them," said economist

Cynthia Latta of Data Resources,

"This takes some of the press-

another notch, economists said.

partment said Tuesday.

ler than expected rise in U.S. fore summer."

At an energy conference, some there even if OPEC decides that warranted," he said.

The Oman official and representatives from other non-OPEC sellers attended a conference organised by the International Research Centre for Energy and Economic Development.

They said these countries plan a formal meeting in May to discuss world oil markets in the second half of 1989 but that earlier, informal discussions are also

Herman Franssen, a former International Energy Agency chief economist who acts as advisor to Oman, said at the energy. conference that the objective of stabilising prices at about \$18 a barrel was being achieved.

Angola, China, Colombia, Egypt, Malaysia, Mexico, Oman, North Yemen, Norway, the

The Fed has gradually raised

interest rates by more than three

percentage points over the past

year in an effort to cool the

economy and restrain inflationary

President Bush said the smaller

increase in consumer prices

should lessen fears of a sharp rise

in inflation, adding that he would not like to see U.S. economic

growth choked off by high in-

"I don't want to see any actions

taken that are going to kill off the

growth in our economy," Bush

told reporters in a brief question

and answer session at the White

Although denying any policy

terest rates.

Interest rate pressure eases in U.S.

Soviet Union and Brunei are non-OPEC sellers that agreed to trim exports by five per cent or at least avoid increasing their market share at OPEC expense.

Now, officials say, the question is what to do if OPEC decides in June to lift its ceiling above 18.5 million b/d because of a perception that oil demand will stay

"We don't know what the market will be yet in the second half of the year," Oman's Al Barwani explained

Even so, officials of non-OPEC states want to continue to cooperate with OPEC. 'Angola is willing and ready to

continue our cooperation in order to stabilise prices to get the right prices for our oil," Energy Minister Zeferino Cassa Yombo said.

Zhao Shengzhen, an official of the China National Offshore Oil Corp, said China is prepared to keep exports at about 500,000 b/d through 1989.

Domestic demand in China is rising, he said, suggesting there duction capacity, remains domi-was no problem in reducing ex-nant.

Greenspan to go easy on interest

"Look, he's calling the shots his way," Bush said. "And I've

said we will be vigilant against

inflation, but we want this recov-

ery to keep going. I don't want it

killed off by too restrictive a

Lately, the economy has begun

to show signs of slowing, with

declines in retail sales, imports,

housing starts and the operating

rate of manufacturing industries.

A significant slowdown or reces-

sion would reduce the tax re-

venue Bush is counting on to

reduce the federal budget deficit.

price index has risen at an annual

four partner countries last year by

four industrialists, the so-called

bringing about a stricter control

of programme costs, and will

speed the consortium on the road

success," the statement added.

The consortium, set up in 1970

en toe aucrait manufactur

"four wise men."

So far this year, the consumer

policy.

ports from last year's level of around 540,000 b/d.

Mexico was also willing to go along with slightly lower exports as domestic demand rises. And it might have trouble expanding production anyway.

Petroleos Mexicanos state oil company planning coordinator Jaime Willars said Mexico has agreed to keep exports of crude oil and products at about 1.3 million b/d, down from 1.375 million b/d in 1988.

Willars said this level would be reconsidered in the next few months but there were other constraints of any major change. With revenues needed to service the nation's foreign debt, Mexico would only have \$1.5 billion to reinvest in oil this year, enough to maintain output at current levels.

"Shadow' OPEC countries can influence OPEC countries if they continue their restraint," said John Sauer, head of planning for Dupont Co's Conoco Inc.

But Sauer said that OPEC, with its huge reserves and pro-

in the previous two years.

Even though the February in-

crease cheered financial markets

because it was lower than ex-

pected, economists said the infla-

as far as inflation is concerned,"

said economist Kathryn Kobe of

Joel Popkin and Co., a Washing-

Last month's slowdown in con-

sumer price increase reflected

more modest gains in food,

tobacco, entertainment and ener-

gy prices and a drop in clothing

The so-called core rate of infla-

tion, which excludes the erratic

prices of food and energy, also

rose 0.4 per cent in February

and funded by France, West Ger-

seen its losses aggravated by a

weak dollar, the currency in

which aircraft sales are priced.

each by France's Aerospatiale

and West Germany's Messer-

Construcciones Aeronauticas

The United States, backed by

was receiving unfair government

Airbus is owned 38 per cent

per cent by British Aerospace

prices, the department said.

"We are not out of the woods

tion rate is still too high.

ton forecasting firm.

Rilwanu Lukman

Lukman awaits response

Meanwhile OPEC President Rilwanu Lukman of Nigeria said ministers from oil exporting states outside OPEC have been invited to meet key OPEC ministers but a final response is still

Lukman told Reuters that non-OPEC ministers have been invited to meet the eight members of OPEC's monitoring committee which convenes on March 29 in Vienna.

"We want to use this opportunity to meet representatives ...of non-OPEC oil producers," he said. "We have invited the non-OPEC. We haven't got a final response vet from the secretary general (of OPEC) but he is

arranging something."

Lukman said he did not know which non-OPEC producers were likely to respond to the OPEC invitation.

He also declined comment on the whether non-OPEC producers which had undertaken to restrict supply in the second quarter of this year would go on doing that after June. "Let's do the second quarter

first." he said. **Output around quotas**

Lukman said the group is now producing oil at around its quota of 18.5 million b/d. Asked if the total was within his agreed ceiling, he said, "I

should think so, give or take a couple of percentage points." OPEC's news agency OPEC-NA said Monday that February's OPEC output, calculated as domestic consumption plus ex-

port sales and stock withdrawals. was down to 17.4 million b/d for 12 members excluding the United Arab Emirates (UAE). The UAE has an OPEC-assigned quota of 988,000 b/d but has called it unfair and has exceeded it in the past. It submitted no

figures to OPEC officials review ing February output, OPECNA said, but the Middle East Economic Survey Monday estimated UAE output up at 1.5 million b/d in that month. Lukman said of UAE output,

we can estimate what the UAE is doing. We don't know for sure. Maybe they're doing somewhat over their quota but not very only Asian member of the

Lukman declined to comment on the prospect of OPEC adopting a higher output ceiling in the second half of 1989.

Honouring ceilings

In Caracas, Venezuela Energy and Mines Minister Celestino Armas said Tuesday that OPEC nations must honour their output quotas during the critical second quarter if they hope to hold on to gains in oil prices since November.

"The critical moment for OPEC will begin on the first of April, when demand begins to fall and we must resist the temptation to increase production levels," Armas told a news conference.

Armas said OPEC producers should adjust their supply to the lower second-quarter demand in order to keep prices stable.

The upward trend in oil prices is due to OPEC discipline, cooperation from non-OPEC oil producers and the reduction of suppfrom accidents on North Sea platforms, Armas said.

Non-OPEC producers have voluntarily taken 300,000 b/d of supply off the market in recent weeks "without asking for any-thing in return from OPEC," he

Indonesia blames traders

In Jakarta, a top Indonesian official Wednesday hit out at futures traders for pushing the price of oil too high and warned that consumers may start to look to alternative types of energy.

"They (futures traders) create an unstable situation in the market, and they play on the shoulders of consumers and producers. Futures trading... only benefits the traders," Mines and Energy Minister Ginanjar Kartasasmita

He was speaking to reporters after announcing a complex new pricing system for his country's oil exports to make them more competitive with market prices and replace the current system of haggling every month with buyers on a price.

The new price, starting next month, will be based on the average spot market oil price over 30 days of a basket of five

The government will then calculate the difference between Indonesia's main export crude, Minas, and the basket of oils over the past year. This will either be added or substracted to the 30day average.

Initial reaction from oil com panies was largely positive. "It's much, much better than the unilateral system they've applied to date. Now at least we have an approximation of the market price," said the head of one local

Japan buys about 60 per cent of oil exports from Indonesia, the

Ginanjar said market prices at the moment, at 15-month highs and above OPEC's target of \$18 a barrel, were unrealistic.

"I am worried that if the price is too high the consumers will look to energy alternatives," he

He was, concerned the high prices might tempt producers to sell more oil and flood the market. "This is a very serious danger, we should be cautions about that," he said.

Indonesia, with oil its major export, has vivid memories of 1986 when overproduction sent oil prices down sharply, forcing it to devalue its currency by nearly a third and borrow huge sums from abroad to cover the fall in its export earnings.

A drop in demand from next month, however, will send prices down Ginaniar said.

"I don't believe the price in the second quarter will be as good as now. I'm wortied that after May and June the price will drop," he

Prices top \$20 in N.Y.

In New York, U.S. crude oil prices came back with a vengeance Tuesday, climbing more than 70 cents to close above

\$20 a barrel as the bullish mood that lifted prices nearly 10 per cent last week resurfaced.

"The whole floor is bullish." said one trader during active afternoon trading. The rise came after a big drop Monday that was linked to technical factors within the market.

The benchmark U.S. crude. West Texas Intermediate for May delivery, ended the day up 71 cents at \$20.05 a barrel on the New York Mercantile Exchange.

North Sea Brent blend for May delivery, the most widely traded international crude, was quoted at \$18.50 a barrel, a gain of 55 cents from Monday and its highest level in 15 months.

Traders attributed the climb in crude prices to rising petrol and heating oil prices, optimism that non-OPEC producers will reduce output, and indications that the

13 nations of OPEC are sticking to their production limits. "We're pretty much back on track, the market looks really strong," said one trader Tuesday.

Analysts said the crude raily was also supported by higher prices for petroleum products, which rose on anticipation of strong petrol demand this summer and a stricter U.S. petrol vapour pressure rule, which will tighten stocks.

Iraq to sell oil products from Basra next month

TOKYO (R) — Iraq's State Oil from March this year, the indusand Marketing Organisation (SOMO) has told the Japanese. oil industry it will start exporting naphtha, fuel oil and gas oil produced at its recently-restarted Basra refinery from end-April, oil industry sources said.

They said they expect SOMO to issue tenders soon to sell 20,000 to 30,000 tonnes of naphtha, around 50,000 tonnes of fuel oil, and an unspecified amount of gas oil for end-April loading, though SOMO has yet to issue official notices

SOMO will ship the products in small batches on shuttle tankers to storage at Jebel Ali in Dubai before final export.

SOMO agreed with Star Energy Resources, a UAE-based trader, to use three of their storage tanks for a two-year term for the storage of the Basra products try sources said. The three tanks are a 50,000

tonne fuel oil tank and two 30,000 tonne tanks for lighter products. Larger tankers are unable to sail the Shatt Al Arab waterway up to Basra because of shallow water and debris from the Iran-Iraq war, the sources said.

Iraq is likely to develop the oil product sales into term contracts after selling on a spot basis for a

Iraq recently restarted some units with capacity of 70,000 barrels per day (b/d) at the Basra refinery, closed during the eightyear war with Iran. The remaining units at the refinery, with original capacity of 140,000 b/d, are expected to restart later this year, Gulf oil industry sources

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Wednesday, March 22, 1989 Central Bank official rates

538.0 542,0 924.3 934.1 286.9 289.7 330.4 343.9

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Wednesday.

One U.S. dollar 1.1890/900

1.8740/47 2.1135/45 1.6285/95 39.24/27 6.3450/500 1374/1375 131.50/60 6.3850/900

Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns

One ounce of gold 394.00/

6.8050/100 7.3110/60

Norwegian crowns Danish crowns U.S. dollars

U.S. dollar Canadian dollar

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

SYDNEY — Investors were encouraged by the brighter U.S. inflation outlook. The All Ordinaries Index gained 2.8 points to TOKYO — An initial rally faded as investors jittery over inflation

and interest rates both here and abroad took profits and decided to wait it out. The Nikkei Index fell 211.56 points to close at

HONG KONG — Profit-taking ahead of a four-day weekend deflated an early bounce. "It's incredibly dull and it's likely to stay that way for the time being," said a broker. The Hang Seng Index shed 19.38 points to end at 3,037.05.

SINGAPORE — Turnover hit 121.2 million shares, passing the previous record of 117.9 million shares set on March 16. The Straits Times Industrial Index rose 7.98 points to 1,183.44.

BOMBAY — Market closed for a Hindu festival.

FRANKFURT — Leading shares eased back from early highs to close only slightly above Tuesday's levels in a market virtually devoid of activity. The Real-Time Dax Index closed just 0.39 points above the previous finish at 1,303,67.

ZURICH — Shares closed generally steady to higher in moderate trading. The All-Share Swiss Index firmed 2,7 points to 988.4 PARIS - Share prices pared early gains by midday after buying enthusiasm on the first day of the accounting month quickly faded. The bourse indicator posted a meagre 0.07 per cent gain after opening up 0.53 per cent.

LONDON - Share prices were weaker across the board in moderate activity with little help from a mixed Wall Street. At 1538 GMT the FTSE index was 16.0 points down at 2,056.2. NEW YORK -- High tech stock losses stifled what started as a slow morning advance on news of a drop instead of the expected rise in durable goods orders. The Dow was close to Tuesday's

after a 0.5 per cent rise in rate of 6.1 per cent, up from the differences with the central bank, a Massachusetts-based economic 4.4 per cent annual inflation rate January. forecasting firm. "But I think that Bush seemed to be signalling Airbus Industrie announces restructuring

PARIS (R) — The four-nation Airbus Industrie consortium Tuesday announced a boardroom shake-up aimed at making the

MANY VILLAS AND APAKIMENIS FUI RENT

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up management and financial control, include the appointment for the first time of a finance director, a reduction in supervisory board members to five from tive board.

The slimmed-down supervisory board will continue as the main overall policy control body, with responsibility over strategic decisions concerning current and future Airbus programmes. All changes will take effect

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same details above.

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CHURCH CONCERT -

At the Evangelical Luthran Good Shepherd Church on Friday March 24 at 5 p.m.

The church is located in Um Al-Summag close to

- Choir from Finland (16 singers) - Choir (Arabic) from local Baptist Church

Mecca Street - 50 metres from Um Ai-Summag's Municipality For more information pls call Rev. Numan Smir, tel. 811295 or Rev. Veli Jarvinen, tel.

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION TENDER ANNOUNCEMENT

The contractors who had been qualified previously for the Seventh Education Project and willing to participate in the following bid are requested to get bid documents from the Projects and Buildings Directorate, Ministry of Education from 20-3-1989 with the following conditions:-

A. The Seventh Education Project is partially financed by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development.

B. Description of Tender. Tender Bond

1. Tender No. 48/D/88 construction of school buildings in Fadian

ΩL.

Area (4130) Sq. M. C. Last date for purchasing copies of tender documents is

D. Last date for submitting financial offers is 13.5.1989 at 12.00 noon at the Ministry of Education.

from April 1. Airbus said. It said the changes stemmed in many, Britain and Spain, has part from a report on the workcompetitive. The changes, which will tighten ings of Airbus Industrie submitted to the governments of the

Airbus Industrie said in a statement the financial director would be responsible for ensuring full and open accounts throughout the group, forcing the Airbus partners for the first time to

divulge their costs.

Agaba Inn **Furnished Tourist Flats**

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S.A. (CASA).

er's market competitiveness by PLC and four per cent by Spain's

to profitability, transforming its McDonnell Douglas Corp and technical and commercial Boeing Co., has long complained achievements into an economic that the European consortium

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Tel: 628543

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- English & Arabic compulsory, French welcome Shorthand

English & Arabic typing Telex, fax, filing etc. - Minimum 5 years experience

The speakers will be

 Ability to work flexible hours. Please call 665848 between 11.00 and 16.00 for an appointment. Only those with above requirements need apply. The post offers attractive conditions.

EXPECTATION AND REALITY IN THE NEW HOMELAND INVITATION

On the occasion of Family Day and within the cultural activities of the Jordanian-Turkish Friendship Association

A meeting on the subject of

Problems of Foreign Women in their new Homes Will be held at 10 a.m., Saturday 25th March 1989, in the Hall of the Jordanian-Turkish Friendship Association Rainbow Street, Tel. 639918

> Mrs. Nijmieh Hikmat, Prof. Fatimah Alco 'Afif Mrs. Janset Shami Ladies are welcome

Kuwaiti law restricts work for expatriates

KUWAIT (R) — A law banning expatriates in the Kuwaiti private sector from working part-time or changing jobs before completing three years with their employer came into force Wednesday.

Labour ministry officials say the law aims to boost productivity among some 500,000 workers in

ployers say the loss of labour mobility will increase their costs. Expatriates are to work only for their sponsor and for a period of three years before being able to change employer.

Those who have resided in Kuwait or 10 years or more may

the private sector, most of whom are expatriates. But some emates a text published in local papers. 'Drop of cheer on beer'

LONDON (R) — British public houses may be going private.

The Monopolies and Mergers Commission recommended Tuesday that within three years Britain's six biggest breweries should sell off 22,000 pubs, more than a quarter of the country's total.

Pubs could then buy beer and

other drinks from the most competitive suppliers and would not be tied to selling one brewers' products. Trade and industry secretary Lord Young backed the panel's

view that the major brewers had forced up prices by controlling too many outlets. The present system severely limits the opportunities for an independent wholesaling sector to prosper," he told parliament. "I am minded to implement these on Wednesday, newspapers welcomed proposals that the "big six" breweries — Bass, Allied, Courage, Watneys, Whitbread and Scottish and Newcastle — should run only 2,000 pubs each.

be exempted. Violators are sub-

ject to deportation, according to

"Drop of cheer on beer" exclaimed the tabloid Daily Star. The brewers society condemned the proposal as "a charter for chaos," which would destroy the traditional British pub. It warned that 33,000 pubs were at risk and job losses and closures were likely.

The report came hours after the monopolies commission vetoed moves by Courage, owned by Australian-based Elders IXL, to take over Scottish and Newcastle for £1.6 billion (\$2.8 billion).

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THE SPANISH CULTURAL CENTRE

Announces that a three month training course in Spanish will start on March 27, 89 and that registration for the course will open March 20, 89.



For more information please call the SPAN-ISH CULTURAL CENTRE, Jabal Amman -First Circlie, Tel: 624049



The centre offers training at all levels at the rate of three classes a week: On Saturdays, Mondays, and Wednesdays.

SPORTS IN BRIEF

England and Scotland champions to play in Dubai

DUBAI (AP) - Liverpool take on Celtic of Glasgow April 4 in an England-Scotland league champions' clash at the Al-Maktoum stadium. At stake in the winner-takes-all game will be £10,000 (\$17,000) and the Dubai Champions Cup. Both British teams have played before in Dubai. Liverpool beat Celtic on penalties in the inaugural England-Scotland Super-Cup in 1986. The Dubai Champions Cup match was set for late 1988 but was postponed because of the two teams' other commitments. On April 16, four present and past international stars are due to take part in the Toyota six-a-side tournament in Dubai. Argentina star Ossie Ardiles, Zbigniew Boniek of Poland and Dutch pair Johan Neeskans and Rudd Krol are slated to play as members of four expatriate sides in the one-day contest. Italian Francesco Garziani was taking part in the tournament but had to pull out because of injury, the organisers said.

Arsenal title hopes dealt another blow

LONDON (R) - Arsenal's English first division soccer title ambitions were dealt another blow Tuesday as Charlton, two from the bottom, cashed in on the latest bout of jitters to snatch a 2-2 draw. Leaders Arsenal have taken only six points out of a possible 18 from their last six league games. They are now only three points clear of nearest challengers Norwich, but the latter have two games in hand and also have to play at Arsenal. Liverpool, with three games in hand of Arsenal, are 11 points adrift but on current form represent a clear danger.

'Chromium could replace steroids'

NEW ORLEANS (AP) - A new form of chromium could help athletes beef up their bodies without dangerous anabolic steroids, enable diabetics to use less insulin and cut cholesterol, a researcher said Tuesday. Gary Evans, a chemistry professor at Bemidji State University in Minnesota, discussed the possible benefits of "chromium picolinate" during a meeting of the federation of the American Societies for Experimental Biology. Two studies at Bernidji State found that the compound "bulked up" muscle and cut down body fat, he said. In one study, football players on the same exercise programmes took either chromium picolinate or a placebo. Those taking the chromium picolinate showed an average 42 per cent greater growth in lean body mass and a 22 per cent drop in total body fat, compared to a 1.06 per cent for the control group, he said. "When used in recommended quantities, it appears that chromium picolinate achieves the results similar to those of anabolic steroids, and that the nutrient is a safe, effective substitute," he said.

WBA champion Esparragoza all right for title bout

TOKYO (AP) — World Boxing Association featherweight champion Antonio Esparragoza of Venezuela and Japanese challenger Mitsuru Sugiya passed physical examination Wednesday for their upcoming title bout. Both are "all right" for Wednesday's scheduled 12-round fight at an arena outside Tokyo, said doctor Akira Kimura, who examined both fighters. Esparragoza, win is making his fourth defence of the title he won from American Steve Cruz in 1987.

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF

WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

O.1—Both vulnerable, as South you **♦53** ♥8764 ♦AK5 **♣**Q762 Partner opens the bidding with one diamond. What do you respond?

Q.2-Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: **★83** ♥ AK65 ♦ 72 **★**KJ762 Partner opens the bidding with three

spades. What action do you take? O.3-As South, vulnerable, you hold: **▽Q6 ◇AQ762 ⊕KJ5**

The bidding has proceeded: South West North East 1 💠 17 Pass What do you bid now?

Q.4—Both vulnerable, as South you **♦Void** ♥AJ95 ♦AK7652 **♦**K103

THE BETTER HALF.

The bidding has proceeded: 1 **±** 2 **±** Pass Pass Pass 2 ♦ Pass 3 NT Pass What action do you take?

Q.5-As South, vulnerable, you **★9752** ♥K762 ♦AJ9 **★105** Partner opens the bidding with one no trump. What do you respond?

Q.6-As South, vulnerable, you **±** 105 ♥K762 ♦ A93 +9752 Partner opens the bidding with one

no trump. What do you respond? Look for answers on Monday.

For information about Charles

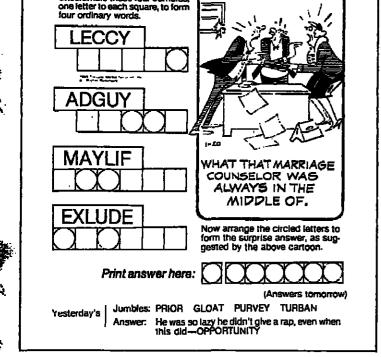
Goren's newsletter for bridge players, write Goren Bridge Letter, P.O. Box 4426, Orlando, Fla. 32802-

By Harris

HARRIS 2-28



15 Fly sloft 16 Mine entrance 17 "A Chorus Line" tune 20 Beak 21 IRS review "Something is bothering you. A husband can sense these things." 23 Br. comp 24 A Gabor 28 Keep in mind 33 One-name JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Amold and Bob Lee actress 34 Pluto e.g. 36 Paim leaf: var. Unscramble these four Jumbles



Jordan rally set for Friday

AMMAN (J.T) — "Excellent, dust free" conditions are expected for Friday's Jordan National Rally as last week's heavy rains, which postponed the event for one week, have actually helped in compacting tracks for the Friday event, according to a press release by the Royal Automobile Club of Jordan (RACJ).

Twenty eight cars have already registered for the Konicasponsored event which is due to start at the RACJ at 9:30 a.m. Among the leading competitors are Royal Jordanian's Issa Halabi with co-driver Leith Al Qassem in addition to George Khayyat with his co-driver His Royal Highness Prince Faisal, both teams driving Nissans. Other contenders include Nabil Dirani in an Opel Manta and Mohammad Sheitan in another Nissan.

During Friday's event, His Royal Highness Prince Abdullah will test his new Mercedes rally car but will not compete in the event. The press release says newcomer Sherif Hussein Bin Nasser is expected to make his debut in car rallying having taken over the Toyota Corolla with which his elder brother Sharif Jamil won the 1988 group A championship.

According to the same release, one of the best venues for the event will be the Royal Racing Club at Tuneib where a special stage has been prepared in the centre of the horse racing track. The first car is expected to arrive there at 4:00 p.m.

Other popular points for spectators include the Um Qusair Mage where cars will be arriving starting 10:00 a.m., as well as the beginning of the Lahoon stage near Wadi Muji, south of Dhiban village, at 1:30 p.m. The Zizia railway station, which marks the end of the last special stage, is another point for

spectators where cars are expected to arrive at 4:30 p.m. The Konica photographic competition will be held, as scheduled, for the best action pictures and photos that capture the rally atmosphere. The competition is open to all members of the public and is free of charge.

The RACJ advises spectators to stand well away from the track since cars will be travelling at high speeds, causing both gravel and dust to fly as they pass by.

FORECAST FOR FRIDAY, MARCH 24, 1989

YOUR HOROSCOPE

- As Charted By The Carroll Righter Astrological Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Be prepared for an electrifying day full of surprises. A lot can be accomplished if you are not concerned with schedules. The best plan may be no plan at all.

ARIES (Mer. 21 to Apr. 19) A positive change in a new direction starts. Unique ideas help to build a new plan of action. Your populari-

ty is high.
TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20)
Trying to push others may be disappointing. Stick to established procedures in the near future. Take advantage of social opportunities.
GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Anger may not be the best way to get your own way. New dynamics in your personality will work wonders if you remain calm. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to

Jul. 21) Argumentative situations will pass quickly leaving a pleasant afternoon and evening. You are entering a superior creative period.

LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Act in your own best interest and don't waste time on trivial pursuits. Resentment and jealousy block your enjoyment of friends.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) The

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) The notional cycle is low and can lead to outbursts and aggravation with

your mate and those close to you. Stay positive and avoid con-

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) What has worked for you in the past can be used to evaluate future plans. Learn from post mistakes. Separate fact from fiction.
SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21)

You have earned respect from those you work with Accept an invitation to a social event that may have possible business connections. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Demonstrate your social skills. Make plans early in the day, or you may be left with lots of energy and

nowhere to go. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) A chronic complainer can wreck your day if you let it happen. Tuns into unique ideas, and communica-tions that are useful.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) You feel independent, suthnaiastic and full of life. Seek out the good things that surround you. Take note of a special person in your life. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) You are attractive, appealing and you can use these qualities to your ad-vantage. Ease financial difficulties through reduced spending.

FORECAST FOR THURSDAY, MARCH 23, 1989

GENERAL TENDENCIES: It is best not to set on any conclusion that you draw today. Give yourself an emotional break, clear the air, settle down, collect your thoughts, enjoy companions, and get some

up any loose ends left over from yesterday. Maintain control over a young family mamber's school work Plan an evening love in. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) You feel companionable and have

You feel companionable and have good tasta. Shop for personal apparel and accessories. Make a day of it and rendezvous with a friend GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Let important matters rest for the day. Focus on family and friendly

meetings. The day is ripe for some innocent flirting. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul. 21) Lend a sympathetic ear to a good friend who is too proud to ask for help. Engage in activities

you enjoy.

LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Looking at both sides of the picture will help you to understand a career prob-

lem. It may be necessary to lower

tempered if you are to succeed. Use a gentle approach to get what you

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22] Money matters are not the brightest. Sharpen the pencil and straighten out the budget. Start SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Your upbeat mood will be pleasing to everyone around you. Give yourself a pet on the back for recent

progress.
SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec 21) Worry over a legal problem will not change it. Take the matter to a professional. Evening relaxation CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20)

Recreational activities are not satis fying your need for an emotional . Select new activities that 5t

your style.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19)
You can take a leadership role if offered. Working with young people
and animals is rewarding and has career possibilities.
PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) The

question of whether there is someone else can lead to jealousy and ultimate tension. Satisfy your self-

Johnson's agent moves to drop him

TORONTO (R) - Ben Johnson's Canadian agent said Tues-day that he may soon drop the sprinter as a client in light of testimony at the government drugs inquiry that indicated John-son used banned anabolic ster-

"Given the current information... the testimony of Charlie Francis and Angella and Tony Issajenko, I don't think I will be able to work for Ben in the future." agent Glen Calkins said in an interview with Canadian Press, Canada's national news

agency.
"I've got my own integrity and
I have to be confident that when I work for a client he has integrity. My credibility is on the line.'

In sworn testimony earlier this month, Johnson's coach, Francis, said the disgraced Olympian was a willing participant in a steroid programme since 1981.

Johnson's team-mate, Angella Issajenko, and her husband Tony, a former sprinter, also testified Johnson used steroids. The three also said they had injected him with the drug on several occasions.

Calkins, who has handled Johnson's Canadian business interests for the past couple of years, has been called to testify at the inquiry Because of that he declined to comment directly on evidence heard at the inquiry.

Calkins said representing any athlete who has run afoul of the rules of sport or the laws of the land is difficult. "It presents a problem," he

said. "Corporations are touchy on this sort of thing. In the case where someone has taken steroids or broken the rules, I'm not here to judge but you just can't expect to be marketed or promoted to corporate clients.

Calkins's also represents former Canadian skiers Laurie Graham and food Brooker and current national Alpine team mem-bers Lucie Laroche and Michelle McKendry.

"There are out there so many legitimate athletes, like Michelle, Lucie and Todd and Laurie. They've done really well, they haven't broken any rules. I want to represent Canada's heroes."

Most of Johnson's sponsorship contracts prior to his disqualifica-tion from the Seoul Olympics were handled by American agent Larry Heidebrecht.

Peanuts

Agassi falls to Steeb

kia and Argentine Gabriela Sabatini posted comfortable straight set wins Tuesday, but third seed Andre Agassi crashed out in the first round of the \$2.1-million international players cham-

Agassi, ranked fourth in the world, turned in a lacklustre performance as he fell to 96-ranked West German Carl-Uwe Steeb 6-4, 7-5, 6-0. The 18-year-old American, who dropped eight straight games from 5-5 in the second set, said that he was never in the match mentally.

Sixth-seeded American Tim Mayotte also failed to reach the second round. Mayotte, ranked 11th, lost a serve-and-volley duel 6-3, 6-4, 3-6, 6-2 to New Zealand's Kelly Evernden.

World number one Lendl was never in danger as he drilled

fier Todd Woodbridge for a 6-2, 6-2, 6-3 victory.

Slobedan Zivojinovic of Yugoslavia, seeded 18, and 19thseeded Swede Anders Jarryd also won first round matches Tuesday.

Women's top seed Sabatini, ranked third in the world. crushed American Elly Hakami 6-0, 6-3, but fourth-seeded American Pam Shriver was lucky to reach the second round. Shriver had to save a match

point in the second set before fighting her way to a 5-7, 7-5, 6-3 win over Japan's Estuko Inoue. who failed to capitalise on a similar upset opportunity last week against Sabatini. Shriver, ranked sixth in the

world, admitted that she was out-68th-ranked Inoue. "She's a heck of a player. She's

played most of the way by the

KEY BISCAYNE (R) — Top deadly accurate groundstrokes about one inch from moving into seeds Ivan Lendl of Czechoslova- past 228-ranked Australian quali- the top echelon. She played great

tennis today," said Shriver. In other women's first round play, Canadian qualifier Maureen Drake of Canada, ranked 313, surprised 19th-seeded American

Anne Minter 6-1, 6-3. Seventh-seeded American Barbara Potter withdrew from a tournament for the fourth time this year with a back injury and Australian Wendy Turnbull defaulted just three points into her match with Italian Laura Garrone when she tore a muscle in her right leg.

Agassi, who won six titles and vaulted from 25th to third in the world last year, has not reached a tournament final in 1989.

"Expectations are high. A lot of things are going on in a player's mind and a true champion can sort those out and overcome them," said Agassi.

Kiwis upbeat after 52-1 loss

GEEL, Belgium (R) — As sporting disasters go, New Zealand's "We didn't mind losing so ing disasters go, New Zealand's 52-1 world championship ice hockey defeat by Romania ranks

It meant the unhappy New Zealanders were conceding a goal every one minute and nine seconds.

Hope, however, springs

"We came to learn and we learned a lot," New Zealand manager Graeme Glass told Reuters after Sunday's defeat. "For instance, that we still have a long

way to go. "We're not discouraged. We probably did not expect to get beaten like this, but it's all part of the learning process," Glass said.

"We can beat Romania any time in Rugby. One day we will beat them in ice hockey too," he Alas, before New Zealand were routed by the Romanians

they also went down 26-0 to Britain and 23-0 against Spain, other teams in pool D, the lowest division in the world championship set-up.

Then on Tuesday night they lost 21-2 to hosts Belgium. Four games. Three goals for, too fast for me."

much, the biggest disappointment was that we failed to score in two

matches " Glass said The New Zealanders knew they were heading for trouble when they lost a warm-up match 10-3 against a local veteran team which included players who were

close to 50. That was not their only embar-rassment. "We had to borrow jerseys from a local club," Glass

He thought New Zealanders were attracted to the sport be-

cause of its rowdiness. "New Zealand is a Rugbyplaying country. Physical sports

are the type of sports that in-terests us," Glass said. But Glass kept his enthusiasm in check. "Ice hockey will never be a big sport," he said. "It could he killed if a couple of indoor rinks — there are six indoor and four outdoor ice rinks in New Zealand — had to be closed for

financial reasons. Unfortunate goalminder Neil Glass, cousin of Graeme, one of two goalminders used against Romania, said: "They were much

Asked whether it had been worthwhile to come all the way from New Zealand, a trip of more than 30 hours, Glass said: "I certainly didn't mind, but some of the other guys thought coming

here was a waste of time.
"For me it's exactly the same whether the score is 100-0 or 50-0. I go out there and do the best I can ... every goal is just a another goal, you can't think, 'oh

that's it. Glass confessed about the solitary goal they scored against Romania: "Their goalkeeper wasn't ready," he said. "He was not looking. He was looking

somewhere else." According to Glass, a pass between the Romanians was intercepted, and the New Zealand shot clearly came as a surprise. Overall, to make matters worse

the New Zealand players all had to pay their trip to Belgium. "I also took a bank loan and had to take a second mortgage on my house to pay the money back. Some of us had to give up their iobs. Others sold their cars. I tried to sell my car as well, but the market for second hand cars in New Zealand is very poor for the

NBA Roundup

NEW YORK (AP) - Isiah Thomas scored 18 of his 26 points in the first quarter as the Detroit Pistons built an 18-point lead and went on to rout the Atlanta Hawks 110-95 Tuesday night. Thomas scored 12 points in a

secutive points by the Pistons as they built a 27-11 lead minutes into the game. Thomas made his first six shots and the Pistons 13 of their first 16

the period. Detroit stretched its lead to 21 Bucks 98, Celtics 86;

points twice in the second quarter before Spud Webb, who finished with a season-high 21 points on 10-for-11 shooting from the field, sparked a raily. Webb helped Atlanta cut the deficit to 72-66 with 5:18 left in the third quarter before the Pistons took control 37 points in the second half,

Moses Malone scored 20 points and Dominique Wilkins, who hit three of 18 shots, added 18 for the

Association games, it was In-19-4 spurt that included 11 con-diana. 92, Nets 89; Detlef Schrempf's off-balance 10-footer with 53 seconds remain-

ing put Indiana ahead for good to take a 31-13 lead on Mark and the Pacers defeated New Aguirre's dunk with 3:20 left in Jersey 92-89, the Nets' eighth straight loss.

> Terry Cummings scored 21 Warr points, including 13 in a decisive 127; third quarter, as the Milwaukee Bucks defeated the Boston Cel-

tics 98-86. Nuggets 112, Rockets 110: Alex English scored 29 of his

including 18 in the third quarter. as the Denver Nuggets edged the Houston Rockets 112-110. Bulls 104, Lakers 103;

Michael Jordan tied a career In other National Basketball high with 16 assists and scored 21 points, including two free throws with 48 seconds left that gave the Chicago Bulls a 104-103 victory. over the Los Angeles Lakers. Sonics 101, Jazz 96

Dale Ellis hit three free throws with nine seconds left, helping the Seattle Supersonics hold off a Utah rally and welcome coach Bernie Bickerstaff back to the sidelines with a 101-96 victory. Warriors 151, Trail Blazers

Mitch Richmond scored 29 points and Chris Mullin sparked a fourth-quarter surge as Golden State scored a franchise-record 50 points in the final period and beat Portland 151-127.

expectations. VIRGO (Ang. 22 to Sept. 22) Actions taken today will have to be esteem and build confid



way
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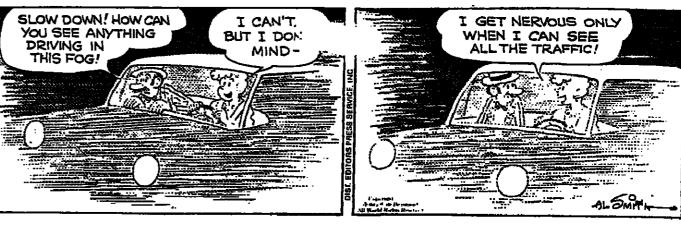
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CHARLIE BROWN?





Mutt'n' Jeff



Andy Capp







compound 30 Lift up 31 — Dinsmo

34 Old Scot.

116 nations adopt toxic waste treaty | Polish Sejm starts

BASLE, Switzerland (R) — Most of the world's industrialised world's waste on thing to build on."

Momentum for the negotiagovernments adopted a U.N.-sponsored treaty Wednesday to check the proliferating trade in hazardous waste.

a 116-nation conference unanimously approved the document. A smaller number were due to

sign it later. A spokesman for the African group said their governments intended to consult with each other later in the year before signing but added that the group approved the treaty.

"Our agreement has not halted in Africa. the commerce in poison," U.N. Undersecretary-General Mostafa Tolba told the conference.

"But it has signalled the international resolve to eliminate the menace hazardous wastes pose to the welfare of our shared en-

Delegates broke into applause vironment and to the health of all the world."

> Malian Environment Minister Moryfing Kone said on behalf of the Organisation of African Unity (OAU) that African nations wanted the OAU to pronounce on the treaty before they would sign. The OAU has expressed outrage at foreign waste dumping

He said it would be considered at a meeting in Bamako, Mali, in May or June.

Developing nations had cla-moured for the pact in order to end what they called "garbage imperialism," the dumping of the

their territory.

But environmentalists charged that the agreement contained many loopholes through which the multi-billion-dollar waste trade would continue.

Greenpeace activists scaled the face of a building opposite the hall where the delegates were meeting and hung an enormous yellow banner: "Danger Basel convention legalises toxic

Some African delegates said more needed to be done, but many delegates said the treaty was the best that could be hoped for given different demands by richer and poorer nations.

"Ninety per cent of what could be done has been done," said Kenyan Environment Minister ner in the state of import or force three months after 20 coun-J.J.M. Nyagah. "We have some-

tions built last year when 4,000 tonnes of Italian toxic waste were found oozing from barrels in an

unprotected site in Nigeria. That incident brought other schemes to light by which companies in countries with strict environmental laws were paying handsomely for their poisonous substances to be disposed of in countries with more lax rules or none at all.

At the heart of the treaty are provisions that waste exports only be allowed to countries which will handle them safely.

"Each party shall require that hazardous wastes or other wastes. to be exported, are managed in an environmentally sound manelsewhere," it stipulates.

dous wastes such as dioxin and DDT can contaminate soil, groundwater and the air, causing a range of health problems from cancer to serious birth defects.

Several organisations that closely followed the negotiations said, however, that many of the provisions were vague and governments would be able to continue the waste trade by means of bilateral agreements ouside the convention.

Such agreements are allowed but any trade under them must be

'environmentally sound." "International waste trade will flourish under this convention," Greenpeace delegate Jim Vallette told Reuters.

The convention will come into tries have ratified it.

But many intellectuals say the economic problems will persist

In another conciliatory move, the posts of vice-minister of

appointments will be made to present an image of democracy and to take some of the blame off the Communist Party for failed

Many of the eight small parties

pared to the 44-million strong major concern for the Commun-

Improperly disposed of, hazar- reviewing reforms WARSAW, Poland (AP) — Parany legislation agreed upon by liament began discussions the party leadership is assured of

Wednesday on constitutional eventual passage. changes to create a freely-elected historic talks between the Comopposition.

The parliament, or Sejm, will also consider the creation of a Poland's future course. strong presidency, and laws on elections, associations and political clubs, trade unions and farmers

"The model of economy and way of wielding power adopted in the '40s ceased to fulfil its function... our goal is to build a good basis for social democracy," said Jan Kaczmarek, a Communist Party parliament deputy who, spoke during the debate's early

Following the first formal read-ings of the legislation, the bills are to be handed over to committees that will consider them for several weeks and add amendments suggested by the govern-

Spokesmen for the opposition, led by the banned Solidarity trade union, protested last week that draft bills were sent to the parliament before full discussion at the talks with the government. But the government promised

the legislation could still be

Because the parliament is controlled by the Communist Party, bate.

ONDON (AP) — Newspapers

Wednesday accused Transport

Secretary Paul Channon of bung-

ling warnings of a new type of

terrorist bomb before the Flight

103 attack and of leaking incor-

rect information to journalists.

The Sun, Britain's largest cir-culation newspaper, called for

Channon's resignation and The

Independent predicted he will be

But Prime Minister Margaret

Thatcher defended Channon

against such allegations and told

the House of Commons Tuesday

that "totally unfair accusations

have been made against him by

Amid an uproar from opposi-

tion members of Parliament,

Channon defended his handling

of warnings from West German

and U.S. authorities, and said he

didn't tell parliament about the

international alert for a radio-

cassette bomb for security

Flight 103.

Channon denies

bungling warning

The constitutional changes are

senate, an idea developed during part of a compromise both sides are negotiating at the talks that munist government and the began Feb. 6 and are scheduled to end April 3 with the signing of a new "social contract" to set

> During the parliament's twoday session, government and opposition teams focusing on the economy and the mass media scheduled meetings to see if they could remove remaining differ-

In exchange for restoring Solidarity's status as the first independent trade union in the East Bloc, the government hopes for a period of political stability.

They hope that such stability will improve chances for economic recovery --- controls already have been loosened on private entrepreneurs - and make Western lenders sympathetic to Poland's staggering foreign debt and current investment needs.

The point is first of all to consolidate and sanction legally the democratic direction of reforms, to create conditions allowing all political forces to join in the constructive work for the nation and the state," Tadeusz Witold Mlynczak, leader of Communist-allied Democratic Party, said during the parliament de-

the subject forced by the opposi-

tion Labour Party, also said that

at the time he thought the disas-

ter could have been an accident.

Pan Am Flight 103 was blown

up over Lockerbie in Scotland

Dec. 21, killing all 259 people on

board and another 11 on the

ground. The flight originated in Frankfurt, West Germany.

changing planes at London's

Channon also denied wide-

spread charges that, to try to

distract attention from the furor

surrounding him, he leaked a

false report last week to a group

of British journalists that police

non," the Daily Mirror said in its

front-page headline. 'Now sue

More the half the Daily Mir-

ror's front page Tuesday also was

taken up with a headline accusing

Channon of lying about what he

The Sun headline Wednesday

"You are still a liar, Mr. Chan-

knew the bomber's identity.

Heathrow airport.

us, if you dare."

Nobel prize worth

holm and Oslo in December.

WELLINGTON. New Zealand (AP) — New Zealand customs officials Saturday seized 4500 copies of a book written by U.S. sex therapist Dr. Ruth Westheimer, saying it may be pornog-raphic. Customs Department spokesman Robin Dare said the copies of "Dr. Ruth's Guide to Sex" were being held in Auckland until the Indecent Publications Tribunal had ruled on its acceptability. Dr. Westheimer is due to visit New Zealand next week to promote the book, which has sold well in neighbouring Australia. A spokeswoman for her publisher, Transworld Publisher, Jacqui Dimes, said she was

Channon, often shouting above jeers and calls to quit during a Commons emergency debate on grievous errors of judgment." S. African activists end embassy sit-in

A similar bomb destroyed lunch at a private club.

all their demands had not been

"We are leaving the embassy now in a victorious mood. We are very happy about what we have done," said Ephraim Nkwe, one

The four, who escaped from a Johannesburg hospital where they were being treated for the after-effects of a hunger strike, left the embassy after the government said they were free men.

Law and Order Minister Adriaan Vlok said Tuesday that

been signed and that they would not be re-arrested after they left the embassy. The four had made four de-

release orders for the four had

man for the group, said Vlok had given certain assurances about the demands. He did not elaborate but the four are due to appear at a news

conference in Johannesburg later Wednesday.

Nkwe thanked the embassy

West German embassy although

staff, saying they had been helpful and caring.

The incident embarrassed

South African authorities, particularly because of the apparent ease with which the four gave their police guards the slip at Johannesburg's Hillbrow hos-

The group had taken part in a mands including that all prisoners sporadic hunger strike by sever-held without trial under South all hundred detainees which

The four looked cheerful as 500 of the estimated 1,000 dethey walked out of the embassy tainees since the strike started,

The weather at

Communists challenge Craxi

ROME (R) — Achille Occhetto. leader of the West's biggest Com-munist Party, challenged Italy's Socialists Tuesday to join a leftwing offensive against the Christian Democrats' 40-year hold on

In a speech closing debate at the five-day Congress of the Italian Communist Party (PCI), Occhetto defied Socialist leader Bettino Craxi to choose between joining a left-wing alliance that could transform Italy or continue to participate in Christian Democrat-led governments.

Responding to a statement by Christian Democrat (DC) leader Arnaldo Forlani that the Communists had tried to overthrow his party for 40 years but would never succeed, Occhetto declared to loud applause:

"Is this a challenge only to us? ...I would like to ask our Socialist comrades: Don't you feel challenged by this statement, or do you want to leave us to carry alone the banner of an alterna-

The Communists are Italy's second biggest party but they have been locked in opposition. while the dominant Christian Democrats led all but four postwar governments.

anted to go ahead with joint

U.S.-Japanese production of an

advanced F-16 fighter plane

"with certain clarifications" and

"I don't know when there'll be

was awaiting Japan's response.

an official announcement but I've

made my decision to go forward

with certain clarifications," Bush

told reporters during a brief ques-

tion and answer session in the

Critics of the plan for the new

aircraft, to be known as the FSX,

fear it will provide Japan with

lin Fitzwater had said earlier in

the day that Secretary of State

James Baker had discussed the

proposed clarifications with

Japanese Ambassador Noboru

Matsunaga at a State Department

meeting Monday.

Asked if he had received a

response from Tokyo, Bush said

Baker, joined by Defence

Secretary Dick Cheney, Com-

merce Secretary Robert Mos-

bacher and National Security

Adviser Brent Scowcroft, met

Matsunaga to discuss "various

options and aspects related to the decision," Fitzwater said.

(Japan's) view of some of the

suggestions we've made and some

of the options we've laid out."

the spokesman added.

"We're interested in their

there had been "no representa-

tion to the Oval Office" yet.

White House spokesman Mar-

secret U.S. technology.

Oval Office.

Bush to go ahead

with FSX project

WASHINGTON (R) - Presi- final decision on how to proceed

dent Bush said Tuesday he with the agreement by former



Bettino Craxi

This has helped undermine the Communists' appeal and in local elections last May they slumped to 22 per cent, their worst result

for 35 years. At the same time Craxi has led a revival of the Socialists, now only four points behind the Communists compared with 25 per cent a decade ago...

Craxi's eventual aim is to topple the DC but while the left remains too weak, he has chosen to remain in government with the DC as the best way to boost his

In Tuesday's speech on the penultimate day of the Congress, Occhetto attacked this strategy. He said Craxi's price for a leftwing alliance was dominance by the Socialists and self-destruction

President Konald Keagan lasi

year to let Japan to co-produce

the FSX was "still likely this

sparked the first major foreign

policy row of the new administra-

The inherited agreement

Some of Bush's advisers argued

that the project would give away

technology that Japan needed to

compete with the United States in

manufacturing civilian planes. Another faction said U.S.-Japan

relations could be harmed if

Washington reneged on or drasti-

cally modified the agreement.

The Washington Post quoted unidentified sources Tuesday as

saying that changes sought by Bush included new safeguards for

computer source codes.

These would allow U.S. tech-

nology to be shared with Japan for the FSX with restrictions that

would keep the Asian economic

powerhouse from applying it to

A group of U.S. Senators have

asked Bush to break the FSX

agreement but administration

officials repeatedly said Bush

would at most try to revise it to

all certain the Japanese will be

willing to accept changes, raising

a possibility that Tokyo would

scrap the deal if it were dissatis-fied with Bush's proposed mod-

U.S. officials said it was not at

meet critics' objections.

other planes.

week," Fitzwater said.

Peking loosens political grip

PEKING (AP) — Communist announced a plan to allow other political parties to participate in

China's government. But the official Xinhua news agency said multi-party cooperation would occur only under the leadership of the Communist Party. Eight parties currently exist under the Communists' control.

The plan comes as a growing number of intellectuals are calling for more political freedom and appears to be an attempt by the Communist Party to silence some of its critics without actually relin-

quishing any power.
Yan Mingfu, who heads the Communist Party's office that deals with other parties, said the plan will be ready by June or

He made the remark during a meeting with members of the Chinese People's Consultative Conference from Hong Kong and Macao, currently meeting in Peking. The conference is an advisory body to the government.

Yan said the move is part of

larger political reforms. China also is moving to separate the functions of the Communist Party and the government. In the past, the party directly controlled the government. Now, Yan said, the party

Secondly, Yan said the Nation- ple." The party says it needs Party authorities Tuesday al People's Congress, China's stability to solve China's pressing legislature, should be strengthened. The Congress, which also is meeting in Peking, used to be a rubber-stamp for Communist Party policies. But it was not clear how the Congress would be strengthened and whether that would affect its control by the

> Yan said the multi-party plan must be "suited to realities in

> > No copying

"Establishment of a democratic system can only proceed in accordance with existing condi-tions on the mainland," he said. "It won't do to copy the Western mode, nor the mode now existing in Taiwan.

Taiwan has been ruled by the Nationalists since 1949, when communist forces drove them from the mainland, In 1987. opposition parties were legalised and martial law was lifted. Taiwan remains firmly in the hands of the Nationalists, who have 2.4 million members compared to the 13,000 members in the biggest opposition party, the Democratic Progressive Party.

Peking argues that a system with opposition parties would be would guide the government too chaotic and "inconsistent ist Party is to find young p through the enactment of laws. with the will of the Chinese peo- willing to join the groups.

economic problems, such as record high inflation of 36 per cent.

unless the party relaxes tight political control.

China announced it would appoint more people from outside the party to government positions. The first such appointments were made Friday to fill labour and vice-minister of agri-

In all, three vice-ministers out of about 30 are non-members of the Communist Party.

Chinese sources said the

like the Jiusan (September 9th) Society that includes scientists and engineers, are professional groupings that avoid politics.

The eight parties now have about 470,000 members, com-Communist Party. Many of the non-communists are elderly and a

WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF

Soweto teachers protest

SOWETO (AP) - High schools in Soweto were virtually deserted Wednesday as students and teachers stayed away to protest overcrowding, teacher shortages and restrictive admission poli-cies. The "day of peaceful action" was announced last week by student and teacher organisations with the support of the South African council of churches, an active foe of apartheid. The groups said 3,000 students in Soweto, the country's largest black township, were prevented from attending high school because of these policies. The groups called for unconditional readmission of students who failed graduation examinations, hiring of more teachers and construction of new schools. The Department of Education and Training said it was seeking to give parents an increased voice in education policies and asserted that confrontational tactics would not improve the situation. The department is aware of backlogs and is doing everything in its power to accommodate pupils in its schools," said a department spokesman, Corrie Rademeyer, after the protest was

German firms aided Pakistan

BONN (AP) — The weekly magazine Stern reported Tuesday that at least 70 West German companies provided Pakistan with technology to develop atomic weapons and that Bonn officials ignored intelligence reports about the apparently illegal exports. A regional prosecutor in the city of Hanau, Klaus Schneider, confirmed to the AP that his office came across information implicating the firms during a review of Pakistani banking records. The office brought the findings to the attention of Federal Customs authorities, Schneider said. Pakistan's Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto has repeatedly stated that her country does not have nuclear weapons and has no intention of developing them. "From special

steel, optical equipment and computers to highly explosive tritium, the German companies delivered practically everything that is needed for the un atomic domb intentionally and in part certainly in good faith,' Stern said in a report provided to news media.

Papua New Guinea riots

PORT MORESBY (R) - Hundreds of tribesmen, some armed with spears and bows and arrows, went on a rampage through the business district of the Papua New Guinea capital Wednesday. Port Moresby police used teargas to disperse the tribesmen, who overturned cars, smashed shop windows, stoned bystanders and looted stores. The trouble broke out when the tribesmen tried to march on parliament in protest at the death of a youth leader, allegedly killed by members of another tribe. The marchers became unruly after they were turned back before reaching parliament house, witnesses said. Some demonstrators were injured but there were no major casualties, police said. Violence in the South Pacific nation's capital came the day after Prime Minister Rabie Namaliu ordered a platoon of troops to help police halt fighting on the mining island of Bougainville.

45 Indonesians arrested

JAKARTA (R) - Indonesian security forces have arrested 45 people in Dompu on the island of Sumbawa, east of Bali, for stirring up antigovernment and ethnic unrest, home affairs minister Rudini said Wednesday. He said the arrests last week had links to a clash in February between security forces and agitators accused of inciting Muslim fanaticism in Lampung district, south Sumatra. At leat 31 people died in the clashes in Lampung, 2,000 kilometres from Dompu. "There was an ethnic problem in Dompu and it was encouraged by elements linked to the Lampung case," Rudini told reporters.

PRETORIA (R) — Four South
African black activists who took
They ended their sit-in at the refuge in West German embassy Monday to protest against detention without trial left the mission met. But Nkwe, acting as spokes-Wednesday.

of the four.

African emergency laws be re- started Jan. 23.

Pretoria has freed more than



liberty and even our lives."

former Politburo member and trade union leader Gheorghe Apostol, 77, said in an interview broadcast on Voice of America: "I am not afraid. I will not live very long and I want to die as a decent man."

Nicolae Ceausescn

Another of the signatories,

Thatcher declares

LONDON (R) — It's clear to

many and now the government has made it official: Britain is dirty, and Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher is determined to do something about it. Using doggerel to launch a clean-up crusade. Thatcher announced Saturday: "We are declaring war on litter: Bag it and bin it and that way we'll win it." She pledged that laws to impose tough new controls on pollution and waste disposal will be part of a "green bill" to be introduced in Parliament later in the year. Laughter and applause greeted her rhyme at a Conservative Party conference she was addressing in the resort of Scarborough, north-east England. Minutes earlier the meeting heard blunter words from Environment Secretary Nicholas Ridley. "We are indeed a dirty nation," he said. Our streets, our road and motorways, our railway lines and stations, the outskirts of our towns are often filthy with litter and rubbish. "Old bedsteads in ditches rubble tipped behind hedges scrap cars abandoned in thickets: we have all seen it."

STOCKHLM (R) — The value of the Nobel Prizes has been increased by 20 per cent to three million Swedish crowns (\$470,000), the Nobel Foundation said Tuesday. The foundation manages the estate of dynamite inventor Alfred Nobel which finances the annual prizes for outstanding achievements in physics, chemistry, medicine, literature, peace and economics. This year's winners will be announced in October and receive their awards at ceremonies in Stock-

New Zealand seizes Dr. Ruth's book

stunned by the decision to hold the book.

Coming Relief collects \$3.6m for homeless

LOS ANGELES (AP) - Comic Relief III, which featured the talents of Billy Crustal, Whoppi Goldberg, Robin Williams and other comedians, collected \$3.6 million in pledges of money to help the homeless. The amount was nearly \$1 million more than last year's donations, said Comic Relief Vice-President Dennis Albaugh. The four-hour telethon was televised Saturday night on the Home Box Office cable network with Joe Piscopo, Garry Shandling, Shelley Long, Bobcat Goldthwait and John Larroquette joining hosts Crystal, Goldberg and Williams. The two previous Comic Relief shows amassed more than \$5 million to fund homeless relief efforts in nearly two dozen U.S. cities, officials said. Entertainers donated their time and HBO assumed all production costs, allowing all viewer donations to go directly to the non-profit Comic Relief Orga-

major world capitals & cities

MIN. MAX.
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22,3,1989

Ceausescu faces growing isolation from East, West By Colin McIntyre

An announcement of Bush's ifications.

VIENNA — Romania's communist leader Nicolae Ceausescu faces growing isolation, under attack abroad from both East and West and at home from former top party officials.

The ultra-orthodox Ceausescu, 71, has long had a reputation for running the harshest regime in the Soviet bloc.

Romanian-born playwright Eugene Ionesco described it last month as "a daily nightmare of severe poverty and rampant fear of the secret

police." But the chorus of protests grew to a roar last year when Ceausescu, who has led the country for 24 years, announced plans to eliminate half the country's villages and rehouse the population in new

urban centres.

The main reason put forward by Ceausescu is to bring the standard of living of country people nearer that of townspeople by grouping them into larger units where facilities such as schools, and cultural and leisure centres could be provided.

In earlier versions of the scheme he mentioned that it would also make 300,000 hectares of new farmland available, but that argument has since been dropped.

There have also been protests over Ceausescu's decision to bulldoze an old residential district of Bucharest, once described as the "Paris of the Balkans," to make way for a mammoth new civic centre.

Apart from the sheer scale of the project in one of Europe's poorest countries.

and at a time of drastic shor-

tages of food, electricity and

heating, critics were angered

by reports that some residents had been given less than 24 hours to vacate their old homes

At a meeting of European Community (EC) Foreign Ministers last month, Britain's Sir Geoffrey Howe said there was "universal astonishment about the way Romania behaves towards its citizens."

French President Francois Mitterrand told diplomats at a new year's reception he had no intention of visiting a regime he described as "anachronistic and wounding to the human conscience." Earlier this month France

recalled its ambassador to

Bucharest and postponed plan-

ned bilateral talks in protest against the human rights situation in Romania. The protests have not been confined to the West, Hungary, a communist ally of Romania, rewrote the tradi-

tional code of strict solidarity within the seven-nation Warsaw Pact by co-sponsoring a resolution to the U.N. Human Rights Commission demanding an investigation into alleged human rights abuses by Bucharest.

Criticism of Ceausescu's policies has also come from independent groups in other East Bloc allies such as Czechoslovakia and Poland.

The Hungarian government accused Bucharest in particular of violating the rights of the two million strong Hungarian minority in Romania by forcible assimilation, curbing the use of the Hungarian language and demolishing Hungarian villages under its rural reorganisation scheme.

In another departure from traditional East Bloc solidarity, the Soviet Union, the Úkraine, East Germany and

did not take part in the vote for the resolution, passed by 21 votes to seven.

Romanian delegate Gheor-ghe Dolgu immediately condemned "a brutal interference" in his country's internal affairs, and declared the resolution null and void. This means a U.N. special envoy will not be allowed into the country, but will have to base his report on testimony from exiles.

Earlier this month the Inter-Parliamentary Union, at a meeting in Budapest, cancelled plans for a 35-nation meeting of parliamentarians in Bucharest, saying Romania was no longer a suitable venue to discuss European security and cooperation.

Criticism of Ceausescu has also come from inside Romania itself, a rare event in a country where dissent is quickly suppressed by the powerful secret police. In mid-March six former

senior Communist Party offi-

cials, including a former fore-

ign minister, former deputy prime minister and former ambassador to Washington and the United Nations, signed an open letter to the Romanian leader accusing him of violating human rights accords, ignoring constitutional guarantees and mismanaging the eco-"At a time when the very idea of socialism, for which we

country is being isolated in Europe, we have decided to speak up," the letter said, according to a copy reaching emigre groups in the West.

have fought, is discredited by

your policy, and when our

The signatories wrote that they were aware that by their action "we are risking our